DeltaSol[®] BX Plus



Manual for the specialized craftsman

Mounting Electrical connection Operation Troubleshooting Application examples





Thank you for buying this product. Read this manual carefully to get the best performance from this unit. Please keep this manual carefully.



Safety advice

Please pay attention to the following safety advice in order to avoid danger and damage to people and property.

Instructions

Attention must be paid to the valid local standards, regulations and directives!

Information about the product

Proper usage

The solar controller is designed for use in solar thermal systems and heating systems in compliance with the technical data specified in this manual. Improper use excludes all liability claims.

CE Declaration of conformity

The product complies with the relevant directives and is therefore labelled with the CE mark. The Declaration of Conformity is available upon request, please contact the manufacturer.

Note

Strong electromagnetic fields can impair the function of the controller.

Make sure the controller as well as the system are not exposed to strong electromagnetic fields.

Subject to technical change. Errors excepted.

Target group

These instructions are exclusively addressed to authorised skilled personnel.

Only qualified electricians should carry out electrical works.

Initial installation must be effected by qualified personnel named by the manufacturer.

Description of symbols

WARNING! Warnings are indicated with a warning triangle!

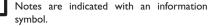


They contain information on how to avoid the danger described.

Signal words describe the danger that may occur, when it is not avoided.

- WARNING means that injury, possibly life-threatening injury, can occur.
- ATTENTION means that damage to the appliance can occur.

• Note



 Arrows indicate instruction steps that should be carried out.

Disposal

- Dispose of the packaging in an environmentally sound manner.
- Dispose of old appliances in an environmentally sound manner. Upon request we will take back your old appliances bought from us and guarantee an environmentally sound disposal of the devices.

DeltaSol® BX Plus

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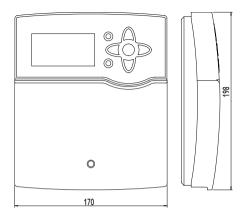


Overview

- Extra large graphic display
- 5 relay outputs
- 8 (9) temperature sensors (system-dependent)
- 2 inputs for digital Grundfos Direct Sensors™
- 2 PWM outputs for speed control of highefficiency pumps
- Datalogging/firmware updates via SD memory card
- Pre-programmed optional functions
- Drainback option
- Time-controlled thermostat function
- Thermal disinfection
- VBus[®]

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• Energy-efficient switch-mode power supply





Note The S

The SD card is not included with the controller. For more information about accessories, see page 75

Technical data

Housing: plastic, PC-ABS and PMMA Protection type: IP 20/IEC 60529

Protection class: |

Ambient temperature: 0... 40 °C [32... 104 °F]

Dimensions: 198 × 170 × 43 mm [8.03" × 6.69" × 1.85"]

Mounting: wall mounting, also suitable for mounting into patch panels

Display: Full graphic display, control lamp (directional pad) and background illumination

Operation: 7 push buttons at the front of the housing **Functions:** System controller for solar and heating systems. Functions such as: ΔT control, pump speed control, energy metering, operating hours counter for the solar pump, evacuated tube collector function, thermostat function, vertical tank loading, priority logic, drainback option, booster function, heat dump function, thermal disinfection function, PWM pump control, function control.

Inputs: 8 (9) inputs for Pt1000, Pt500 or KTY temperature sensors, 1 impulse input V40, inputs for 2 digital Grundfos Direct Sensors[™], 1 input for a CS10 irradiation sensor

Outputs: 4 semiconductor relays, 1 dry contact relay, 2 PWM outputs

Interfaces: VBus[®], SD card slot

Power supply: 100 ... 240 V~, 50 ... 60 Hz

Switching capacity per relay:

1 (1) A 100... 240 V~(semiconductor relay)

4 (2) A 100... 240 V~(dry contact relay)

Total switching capacity: 4 A

Standby power consumption: < 1W

Mode of operation: type 1.Y

Degree of pollution: 2

Rated impulse voltage: 2.5 kV

Contact termination: Y

1.1 Optional functions

Solar

Bypass CS Bypass

External heat exchanger

Tube collector

Target temperature

Antifreeze

Afterheating suppression

Parallel relay

Cooling mode

Drainback

Twin pump

Heat dump

Flow rate monitoring

Arrangement

Parallel relay

Mixer

Boiler loading

Error relay

Heat exchange

Solid fuel boiler

Circulation

Return preheating

Function block

Irradiation switch

Heating

Thermal Disinfection

DHW heating

2 Installation

2.1 Mounting

The unit must only be located in dry interior rooms.

The controller must additionally be supplied from a double pole switch with contact gap of at least 3 mm [0.12"].

Please pay attention to separate routing of sensor cables and power supply cables.

In order to mount the device to the wall, carry out the following steps:

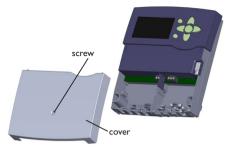
- ➔ Unscrew the cross-head screw from the cover and remove it along with the cover from the housing
- → Mark the upper fastening point on the wall. Drill and fasten the enclosed wall plug and screw leaving the head protruding
- → Hang the housing from the upper fastening point and mark the lower fastening points (centers 150 mm [5.9"])
- ➔ Insert lower wall plugs
- → Fasten the housing to the wall with the lower fastening screws and tighten
- → Carry out the electrical wiring in accordance with the terminal allocation, see chap. 2.2
- ➔ Put the cover on the housing
- ➔ Attach with the fastening screw

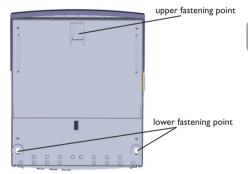


Note

Strong electromagnetic fields can impair the function of the controller.

Make sure the controller as well as the system are not exposed to strong electromagnetic fields.





WARNING! Electric shock!



Upon opening the housing, live parts are exposed.

→ Always disconnect the controller from power supply before opening the housing!

2.2 Electrical connection

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Note Connecting the device to the power supply must always be the last step of the instal-

must always be the last step of the installation!

The controller is equipped with 5 **relays** in total to which loads such as pumps, valves, etc. can be connected:

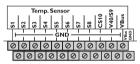
Relays 1... 4 are semiconductor relays, designed for pump speed control:

Conductor R1...R4

Neutral conductor N (common terminal block) Protective earth conductor () (common terminal block)

Relay 5 is a dry contact relay:

Connections to the R5 terminals can be made with either polarity.



WARNING! Electric shock!

Note



Upon opening the housing, live parts are exposed.

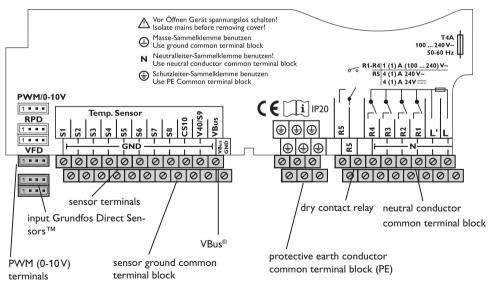
→ Always disconnect the controller from power supply before opening the housing!



For more details about the initial commissioning procedure, see page 12.

Depending on the product version, power supply cables and sensor cables are already connected to the device. If that is not the case, please proceed as follows:

Temperature sensors have to be connected to the terminals S1 ... S9 and GND (either polarity).



WARNING! ESD damage!



Electrostatic discharge can lead to damage to electronic components!

→ Take care to discharge properly before touching the inside of the device! To do so, touch a grounded surface such as a radiator or tap!

Note:

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The pump speed must be set to 100 % when auxiliary relays or valves are connected.



The controller is equipped with the **VBus**[®] for data transfer with and energy supply to external modules. The connection is carried out at the two terminals marked VBus and VBus/GND (any polarity). One or more **VBus**[®] modules can be connected via this data bus, such as:

- GA3 Large Display module/ Smart Display SD3
- AM1 Alarm module
- DL2 Datalogger
- EM Extension module

Furthermore, the controller can be connected to a PC via the VBus[®]/USB or VBus[®]/LAN interface adapter (not included with the DeltaSol® BX Plus). With the ServiceCenter Software (RSC), measured values can be read, processed and visualized. The software allows easier paramatrisation and function control of the system.

Parameterizing the controller via the ServiceCenter Software is not yet possible. The feature will be made available in an upcoming firmware version.



For more information about accessories, see page 75

WARNING! Electric shock!



L' is a fused contact permanently carrying voltage

→ Always disconnect the controller from power supply before opening the housing!

The terminal S9 can be used as an impulse input for a V40 flowmeter or as an input for an FS08 flowswitch. The V40 flowmeter can be connected to the terminal S9/V40 and GND (either polariry).

Connect the irradiation sensor CS10 to the terminals CS10 and GND with correct polarity. To do so. connect the cable marked GND to the GND common terminal block, the cable marked CS to the terminal marked CS10.

The terminals marked PWM are control outputs for high-efficiency pumps.

In the In-/Outputs menu, relays can be allocated to the PWM outputs.

Connect the digital Grundfos Direct Sensors[™] to the GDSD1 and GDSD2 inputs.

Note:



If Grundfos Direct Sensors[™] are used, connect the sensor ground common terminal block with PE.

The controller is supplied with power via a power supply cable. The power supply of the device must be 100... 240 V~ (50... 60Hz).

The **power supply connection** is at the terminals:

Neutral conductor N

Conductor L

Conductor L' (L' is not connected with the power supply cable. L' is a fused contact permanently carrying voltage)

Protective earth conductor (1) (common terminal block)

R4 2 R 2 8

40/S

PWM/0-10

1 . . .

RPD

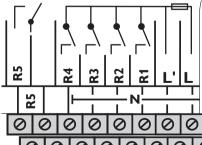
1 . . .

VFD

1 .

1 . . .

CS10



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2.4 SD card slot

The controller is equipped with an SD card slot.

With an SD card, the following functions can be carried out:

 Tank measurement and balance values onto the SD card. After the transfer to a computer, the values can be opened and visualized e.g. in

opened and visualized, e.g. in a spreadsheet.

- Prepare adjustments and parameterizations on a computer and transfer them via the SD card.
- Tank adjustments and parameterizations on the SD card and, if necessary, retrieve them from there.
- Download firmware updates from the Internet and install them on the controller.
- A standard SD card is not included with the $\mathsf{DeltaSol}^{\circledast}$ BX Plus.

For more information about using an SD card, see page 64.

3 Step-by-step parameterization

The DeltaSol® BX Plus is a controller that offers a broad variety of functions to the user. At the same time, the user has a lot of freedom in configurating them. Therefore, to set up a complex system, careful planning is required. We recommend drawing a sketch of the system first.

If planning, hydronic execution and electrical connection have all been carried out successfully, proceed as follows:

1. Running the commissioning menu

The commissioning menu is run after the first connection and after every reset. It will request the following basic adjustments:

- Menu language
- · Temperature unit
- Volume unit
- Pressure unit
- · Energy unit
- Time
- Date
- Solar system
- Hydronic variant

At the end of the commissioning menu, a safety inquiry follows. If the safety inquiry is confirmed, the adjustments are saved.

For further information about the commissioning menu see page 12.

2. Registering sensors

If flowmeters, flow switches, Grundfos Direct Sensors $^{\rm TM}$ and/or external extension modules are connected, these have to be registered in the In-/Outputs menu.

For further information about the registration of modules and sensors see page 67.

3. Activating solar optional functions

The basic solar system has been adjusted during commissioning. Now, optional functions can be selected, activated and adjusted.

Free relays can be allocated to optional functions which require a relay. The controller always suggests the numerically smallest free relay.

Sensors can be allocated to more than one function.

For further information about the solar optional functions see page 29.

4. Activating optional arrangement functions

Now, optional functions for the non-solar part of the arrangement can be selected, activated and adjusted.

Free relays can be allocated to optional functions which require a relay. The controller always suggests the numerically smallest free relay.

Sensors can be allocated any number of times without impairing any other functions.

For further information about the optional arrangement functions see page 42.

5. Adjusting heating circuits and activating optional heating functions

Now, heating circuits can be activated and adjusted. Internal heating circuits are only offered as long as at least 3 relays are free.

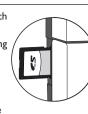
For the heating part of the arrangement, optional functions can be selected, activated and adjusted.

To heating circuits and optional functions which require one or more relays, the corresponding number of free relays can be allocated. The controller always suggests the numerically smallest free relay.

Sensors can be allocated any number of times without impairing any other functions.

For further information about heating circuits and optional heating functions see page 54.

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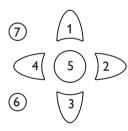


4 Operation and function

4.1 Buttons

The controller is energized via the 7 buttons next to the display. They have the following functions:

- Button 1 scrolling upwards
- Button $\boxed{3}$ scrolling downwards
- Button 2 increasing adjustment values
- Button 4 reducing adjustment values
- Button (5) confirming
- Button 6 entering the status menu/chimney sweeper mode (system-dependent)
- Button (7) escape button for changing into the previous menu

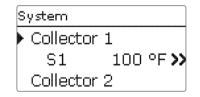


4.2 Selecting menu points and adjusting values

During normal operation of the controller, the display is in the main menu. If no button is pressed for a few seconds, the display illumination goes out.

Press any key to reactivate the display illumination.

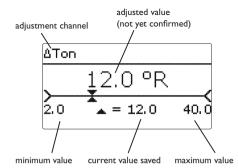
- → In order to scroll through a menu or to adjust a value, press either buttons 1 and 3 or buttons 2 and 4
- ➔ To open a submenu or to confirm a value, press button (5)
- → To enter the status menu, press button (6) unconfirmed adjustments will not be saved
- → To switch one menu level upwards press button (7) – unconfirmed adjustments will not be saved If no button has been pressed within a couple of minutes, the adjustment is cancelled and the previous value is retained.



If the symbol \gg is shown behind a menu item, pressing button (5) will open a new submenu.

Relay selec.
▶ 🗆 Controller
R4
R5

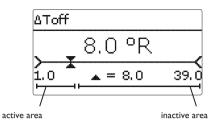
If the symbol \boxplus is shown in front of a menu item, pressing button (5) will open a new submenu. If it is already opened, a \square is shown instead of the \blacksquare .



Values and adjustments can be changed in different ways:

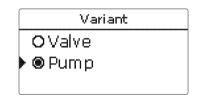
Numeric values can be adjusted by means of a slide bar. The minimum value is indicated to the left, the maximum value to the right. The large number above the slide bar indicates the current adjustment. By pressing buttons 2 or 4 the upper slide bar can be moved to the left or to the right.

Only after the adjustment has been confirmed by pressing button 5 will the number below the slide bar indicate the new value. The new value will be saved if it is confirmed by pressing button 5 again.



When two values are locked against each other, they will display a reduced adjustment range depending on the adjustment of the respective other value.

In this case, the active area of the slide bar is shortened, the inactive area is indicated as a dotted line. The indication of the minimum and maximum values will adapt to the reduction.



If only one item of several can be selected, they will be indicated with "radio buttons". When one item has been selected, the radio button in front of it is filled.

Collector
▶ Save
🛛 Collector 1
🛛 Collector 2

If more than one item of several can be selected, they will be indicated with checkboxes. When an item has been selected, an **x** appears inside the checkbox.

Timer: Monday						
00:00 03:00 06:00 09:00						
12:00 15:00 18:00 21:00						

The time frames for the timer can be adjusted in steps of 15 minutes on a time line.

The cursor can be moved along the time line by pressing buttons 2 or 4. The beginning of a time frame can be determined by pressing button 1.

The end of a time frame can be determined by pressing button $\sqrt{3}$.

4.3 Menu structure

Main menu			The menu items and adjustment values se- lectable are variable depending on adjustments
Status			already made. The figure only shows an exem-
Solar	Solar		plary excerpt of the complete menu in order to
Arrangement	Basic settings	Basic settings	visualize the menu structure.
Heating	Optional functions	System	
HQM	Expert	Collector	
Basic settings		Store	
SD card		Loading logic	
Manual mode	Arrangement		
User code	Optional functions	Optional functions	
In-/Outputs	1	Parallel relay	Parallel relay
Expert		Mixer	Relay
	Demands	Store loading	Reference relay
	Heating circuits	Error relay	Overrun
	Optional functions		Delay

Basic settings

Language

Auto DST

Date

Time

Temp. unit

Vol. unit

In-/Outputs

Modules

Inputs

•••

Outputs

Inverted

5 Initial commissioning

When the hydronic system is filled and ready for operation, connect the controller to the power supply. The controller runs an initialization phase in which the directional pad flashes red.

When the controller is commissioned for the first time or when it is reset, it will run a commissioning menu after the initialization phase. The commissioning menu leads the user through the most important adjustment channels needed for operating the system.

Commissioning menu

The commissioning menu consists of the channels described in the following. In order to make an adjustment, push button (5). Adjust the value by pressing buttons (4) and (2), then bush button (5) to confirm. The next channel will appear on the display.

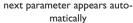
en

button navigation









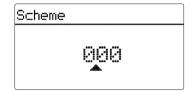
- 1. Language:
- ➔ Adjust the desired menu language.

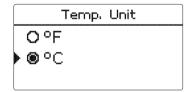
- 2. Scheme:
- Adjust the scheme number 000
 Scheme selection will be made available in an upcoming firmware version.
- 3. Units:
- → Adjust the desired temperature unit.

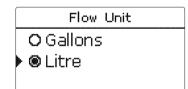
➔ Adjust the desired volume unit.

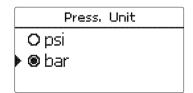
➔ Adjust the desired pressure unit.

Language > Deutsch English Francais









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➔ Adjust the desired energy unit.

4. Daylight savings time adjustment:

➔ Activate or deactivate the automatical daylight savings time adjustment.

5. Time:

→ Adjust the clock time. First of all adjust the hours, then the minutes.

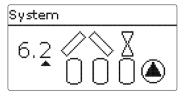
6. Date: → Adius

➔ Adjust the date. First of all adjust the year, then the month and then the day.

7. Selection of the solar system:

→ Adjust the desired solar system (number of collectors and tanks, hydronic variants).

[Date					
	7	?.	??	.20) <u>1</u>	С



Energy Unit

Auto DST

12:03

OBTU ⊛Wh

Yes

ONO

Time

Sy <i>s</i> tem	
Save	Yes

8. Completing the commissioning menu:

After the system has been selected, a security inquiry appears. If the inquiry is confirmed, the adjustments will be saved.

- → In order to confirm the security inquiry, press button (5).
- → In order to reenter the commissioning menu channels, press button (7).

If the security inquiry has been confirmed, the controller is ready for operation and should enable an optimum system operation.

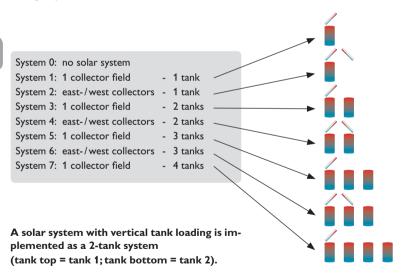
All adjustments made during commissioning can, if necessary, be changed later on in the **basic settings** menu.

System Basic settings 6.2 System Collector 1 Collector 2

The controller is preprogrammed for 9 basic systems. The selection depends on the number of heat sources (collector fields) and heat sinks (tanks, pool). Factory setting is system 1. The selection of the basic solar system is one of the most important adjustments and is thus requested already in the commissioning menu.

First, the basic system is adjusted by means of the number of tanks and collectors fields, then the hydronic variant.

The selected system is visualized by the corresponding number of tank and collector symbols. The figure to the left shows system 6 which consists of 3 tanks and 2 collector fields ("east-/west collectors").



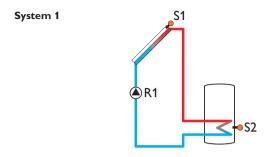
Variant	Basic settings					
	System	6.2				
	Collector 1					
	Collector 2					

The hydronic variant refers to the different actuators that are to be controlled. They are visualized on the display by means of symbols, when the variant is selected. The upper symbol indicates the actuator belonging to the collector fields, the lower one the actuators belonging to the tanks.

The exemplary figure shows the display indicated when system 6, variant 2 has been selected. In this case, each collector field has a 2-port valve, the tanks are loaded by means of pump logic.

For each variant, the controller allocates the corresponding relays and sensors. The allocations of the most important combinations are shown in 5.2.

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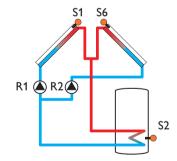


System

Relay/sensor allocation

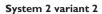
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Relay	Solar pump	Opt. function	Opt. function	Opt. function	Opt. function				
Sensor	Collector 1	Tank bottom	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free

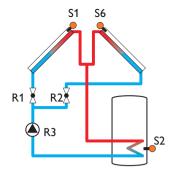
System 2 variant 1

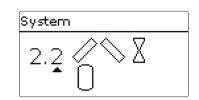


System

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Relay	Pump coll. 1	Pump coll. 2	Opt. function	Opt. function	Opt. function				
Sensor	Collector 1	Tank bottom	Free	Free	Free	Collector 2	Free	Free	Free

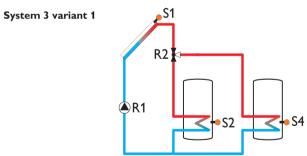


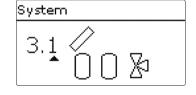




Relay/sensor allocation

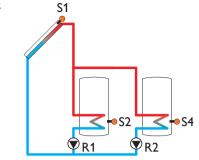
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Relay	2PV coll. 1	2PV coll. 2	Solar pump	Opt. function	Opt. function				
Sensor	Collector 1	Tank bottom	Free	Free	Free	Collector 2	Free	Free	Free

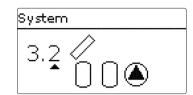




	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Relay	Solar pump	3PV tank 2	Optional function	Optional function	Optional function				
Sensor	Collector	Tank bottom 1	Free	Tank bottom 2	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free

System 3 variant 2

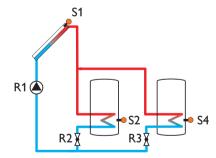




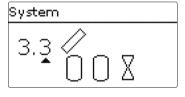
Relay/sensor allocation

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Relay	Solar pump tank 1	Solar pump tank 2	Optional function	Optional function	Optional function				
Sensor	Collector	Tank bottom 1	Free	Tank bottom 2	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free

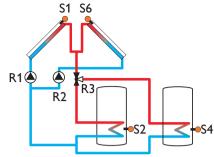
System 3 variant 3

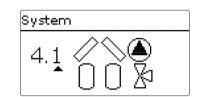


	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Relay	Solar pump	2PV tank 1	2PV tank 2	Optional function	Optional function				
Sensor	Collector	Tank bottom 1	Free	Tank bottom 2	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free



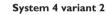




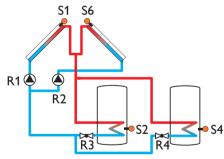


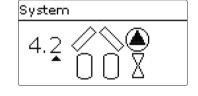
Relay/sensor allocation

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Relay	Pump coll. 1	Pump coll. 2	3PV tank 2	Optional function	Optional function				
Sensor	Collector 1	Tank bottom 1	Free	Tank bottom 2	Free	Collector 2	Free	Free	Free



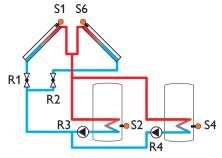
en

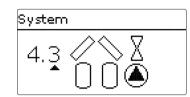




	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Relay	Pump coll. 1	Pump coll. 2	2PV tank 1	2PV tank 2	Optional function				
Sensor	Collector 1	Tank bottom 1	Free	Tank bottom 2	Free	Collector 2	Free	Free	Free

System 4 variant 3

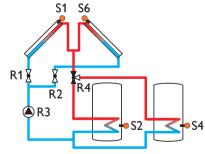




Relay/sensor allocation

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Relay	2PV coll. 1	2PV coll. 2	Solar pump tank 1	Solar pump tank 2	Optional function				
Sensor	Collector 1	Tank bottom 1	Free	Tank bottom 2	Free	Collector 2	Free	Free	Free

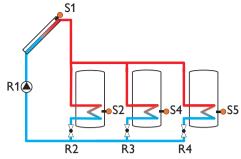
System 4 variant 4

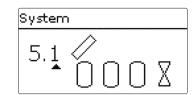


System 4.4 / S 0 0 2

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Relay	2PV coll. 1	2PV coll. 2	Solar pump	3PV tank 1	Optional function				
Sensor	Collector 1	Tank bottom 1	Free	Tank bottom 2	Free	Collector 2	Free	Free	Free

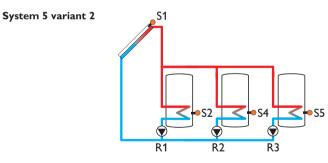
System 5 variant 1

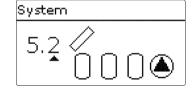




Relay/sensor allocation

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Relay	Solar pump	2PV tank 1	2PV tank 2	2PV tank 3	Optional function				
Sensor	Collector 1	Tank bottom 1	Free	Tank bottom 2	Tank bottom 3	Free	Free	Free	Free



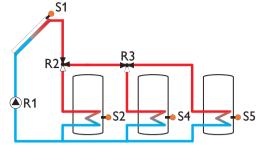


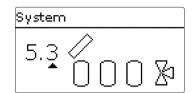
Relay/sensor allocation

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Relay	Solar pump tank 1	Solar pump tank 2	Solar pump tank 3	Optional function	Optional function				
Sensor	Collector 1	Tank bottom 1	Free	Tank bottom 2	Tank bottom 3	Free	Free	Free	Free

en

System 5 variant 3

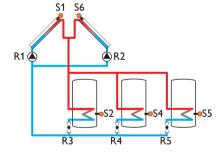


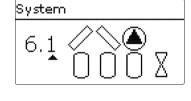


Relay/sensor allocation

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Relay	Solar pump	3PV tank 1	3PV tank 2	Optional function	Optional function				
Sensor	Collector 1	Tank bottom 1	Free	Tank bottom 2	Tank bottom 3	Free	Free	Free	Free

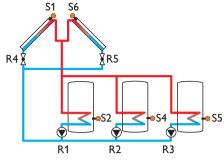
System 6 variant 1

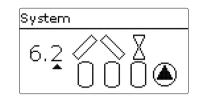




	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Relay	Pump coll. 1	Pump coll. 2	2PV tank 1	2PV tank 2	2PV tank 3				
Sensor	Collector 1	Tank bottom 1	Free	Tank bottom 2	Tank bottom 3	Collector 2	Free	Free	Free

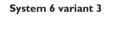
System 6 variant 2

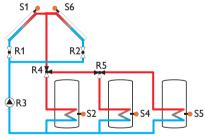


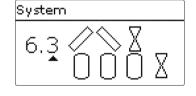


Relay/sensor allocation

		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	Relay	Solar pump tank 1	Solar pump tank 2	Solar pump tank 3	2PV coll. 1	2PV coll. 2				
en	Sensor	Collector 1	Tank bottom 1	Free	Tank bottom 2	Tank bottom 3	Collector 2	Free	Free	Free

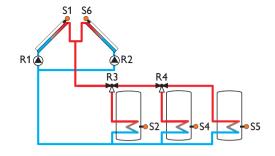


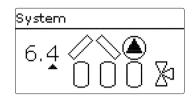




	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Relay	2PV coll. 1	2PV coll. 2	Solar pump	3PV tank 1	3PV tank 2				
Sensor	Collector 1	Tank bottom 1	Free	Tank bottom 2	Tank bottom 3	Collector 2	Free	Free	Free

System 6 variant 4

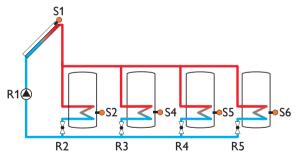


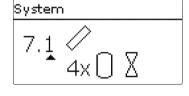


Relay/sensor allocation

Relay	Pump coll. 1	Pump coll. 2	3PV tank 1	3PV tank 2	Optional function				
Sensor	Collector 1	Tank bottom 1	Free	Tank bottom 2	Tank bottom 3	Collector 2	Free	Free	Free

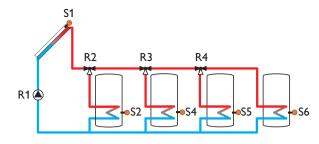
System 7 variant 1

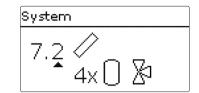




	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Relay	Solar pump	2PV tank 1	2PV tank 2	2PV tank 3	2PV tank 4				
Sensor	Collector 1	Tank bottom 1	Free	Tank bottom 2	Tank bottom 3	Tank bottom 4	Free	Free	Free

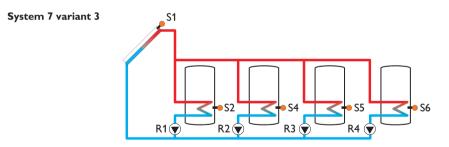
System 7 variant 2

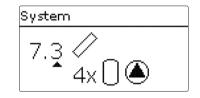




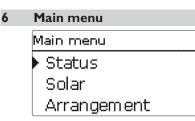
Relay/sensor allocation

		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	Relay	Solar pump	3PV tank 1	3PV tank 2	3PV tank 3	Optional function				
en	Sensor	Collector 1	Tank bottom 1	Free	Tank bottom 2	Tank bottom 3	Tank bottom 4	Free	Free	Free





	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Relay	Solar pump tank 1	Solar pump tank 2	Solar pump tank 3	Solar pump tank 4	Optional function				
Sensor	Collector 1	Tank bottom 1	Free	Tank bottom 2	Tank bottom 3	Tank bottom 4	Free	Free	Free



During normal operation, the display of the controller shows the main menu. From here, the different menu areas can be selected.

The following menus are available:

- Status
- Solar
- Arrangement
- Heating
- HQM
- Basic settings
- SD card
- Manual mode
- User code
- In-/Outputs
- Expert
- → Select the menu area by pressing buttons (1) and (3)
- ➔ Press button (5) in order to enter the selected menu

i

Note

When no button is pressed for 1 minute, the display illumination stops. After 3 more minutes, the controller switches into the Status menu.

➔ In order to access the main menu, press button (7)!

Status Status Solar Arrangement Heating

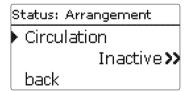
In the **Status menu**, the status messages for every menu area can be found.

7.1 Solar

Status: Solar					
▶ System	Inactive				
Loading	Inactive >>				
back					

In the **Status/Solar** menu, the status of the solar system, the solar loading and the selected optional functions are indicated.

7.2 Arrangement



In the **Status/Arrangement** menu, the status of the selected optional functions is indicated.

Heating Status: Heating Demand 1 Inactive >> HC Internal

In the **Status/Heating** menu, the status of the demands and heating circuits activated as well as of the selected optional functions is indicated.

7.4 Messages

7.3



In the **Status/Messages** menu, error and warning messages which have not been acknowledged are indicated.

During normal operation, the message **Everything OK** is indicated.

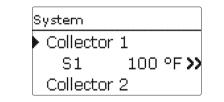
A line break or short circuit in a sensor line is indicated as **!Sensor fault**. A precise error code can be found in the **Status/Meas.-/Balance values** menu. If the optional function Flow rate monitoring is activated and has detected an error, the message **!Flow r. monit.** is indicated.

All messages will additionally be displayed in the corresponding menus. In order to acknowledge an error message, the corresponding menu has to be entered. If, for example, the message **!Flow r. monit.** appears, it will also be displayed in the **Solar/Optional functions/Flow rate monitoring.** In that menu, the message can be acknowledged.

Status: Meas, values Solar >> System Arrangement

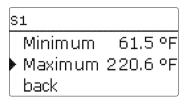
In the **Status/Meas./Balance values** menu, all current measurement values as well as a range of balance values are displayed. Some of the menu items can be selected in order to enter a submenu.

Additionally, all optional functions selected, the operating hours counter as well as activated energy meterings are displayed.



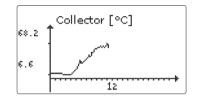
If, for example, **Solar/System** is selected, a submenu with the sensors and relays allocated to the solar system opens. In the submenu, the current temperatures and the current pump speed are displayed.

When a line with a measurement value is selected, another submenu will open.



If, for example, S1 is selected, a submenu indicating the minimum and maximum values will open.

When the item **Chart** is selected, a progression chart appears.



The progression chart shows the development of the temperature at the corresponding sensor over the last 24 hours. Press buttons 2 and 4 to switch back and forth between a chart of the current day and one of the day before.

7.6	Service
	Service
	▶ 🗆 Controller
	S1
	Collector 1

In the **Status/Service** menu, each sensor and relay is indicated with the component or function it has been allocated to. For free sensors and relays, **Free** is indicated.

Solar Solar

Basic settings Opt. functions Expert

In this menu, all adjustments for the solar part of the arrangement can be made. The Solar menu consists of the following submenus:

- Basic settings
- Optional functions
- Expert

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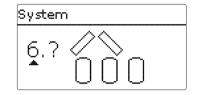
8.1 Basic solar settings

In the **Basic settings** menu, all basic settings for the solar part of the arrangement can be adjusted.

In this menu, the hydronic system, which is the basis for the arrangement, can be adjusted. The setting is divided into systems and variants.

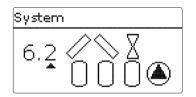
Both system and variant have usually been adjusted during commissioning. If the setting is changed later on, all adjustments for the new solar part of the arrangement are set back to their factory settings.

If the change causes the solar system to require a relay that has been allocated to an arrangement function before, all adjustments made in the non-solar part will be set back to their factory settings as well.



First of all, the basic solar system can be selected according to the number of tanks and collector fields in use. The corresponding numbers are indicated on the display.

The exemplary figure shows system 6 with its 3 tanks and 2 collector fields (east-/west collectors).



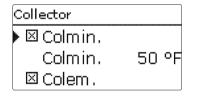
When the basic system has been selected and confirmed, the hydronic variant can be selected. The variant is visualized on the display by means of pump and valve symbols. The exemplary figure shows variant 2 of system 6 with a 2-port valve and a pump. For an overview of the basic systems and their variants see chap. 5.2 on page 15.

The controller supports up to 2 collector fields and up to 4 solar tanks (with 2 collector fields only up to 3 solar tanks).

Basic settings 2.1 System Collector 1 Collector 2

The following items in the Solar/Basic settings menu will adjust to the system selected.

Collector (1/2)



Solar/Basic settings/Collector (1/2)

Adjustment channel	Description	Adjustment range/selection	Factory setting	
Colmin.	Minimum collector limitation	Yes, No	Yes	
Colmin.	Minimum collector temperature	10 90°C [50 194°F]	10°C [50°F]	
Colem.	Collector emergency shutdown	Yes, No	Yes	
Colem. Collector emergency temperature		80 200 °C [176 392 °F]	130°C [266°F]	

In systems with 2 collector fields, 2 seperate menu items (Collector 1 and Collector 2) are displayed instead of Collector.

For each collector field, a collector minimum limitation and a collector emergency shutdown temperature can be adjusted.

en

Store (1/2/3/4)

Store	
▶ ∆Ton	6.0°R
ΔToff	4.0°R
ΔTset	10.0°R

In systems with 2 or more tanks, the corresponding number of seperate menu items (Store 1 to Store 4) is displayed instead of Store.

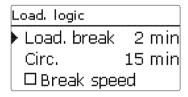
For each tank, an individual ΔT control, a set and a maximum temperature, the priority, a hysteresis, a rise value, a minimum runtime and a minimum pump speed can be adjusted.

In multi-tank-systems with differing Tank set/Maximum tank temperatures, all tanks are loaded up to their Stset temperatures first (according to their priority and the tank sequence control). Only when all tanks have exceeded **Stset** will they be loaded up to their **Stmax** temperatures, again according to their priority and the tank sequence control.

Solar/Basic settings/Store (1/2/3/4)

Adjustment channel	Description	Adjustment range/selection	Factory setting
ΔTon	Switch-on temperature difference	1.020.0 K [2.040.0°Ra]	6.0 K [12.0°Ra]
Δ Toff	Switch-off temperature difference	0.5 19.5 K [1.0 39.0 °Ra]	4.0 K [8.0 °Ra]
$\Delta Tset$	Set temperature	1.5 30.0 K [1.5 60.0 °Ra]	10.0 K [20.0 °Ra]
Stset	Tank set temperature	4 95 °C [40 204 °F]	45 °C [114 °F]
Stmax	Maximum tank temperature	4 95 °C [40 204 °F]	60 °C [140 °F]
Priority	Priority	1	1 4 (system-dependent)
HysSt	Hysteresis maximum tank temperature	0.1 10.0 K [0.2 20.0 °Ra]	2.0 K [4.0 °Ra]
Rise	Rise	1.0 20.0 K [2.0 40.0 °Ra]	2.0 K [4.0 °Ra]
tmin	Minimum runtime	0 300 s	180 s
Min speed.	Minimum speed	30 100 %	30 %
Deactivated	Blocked for solar loading	Yes, No	No

Loading logic



In systems with 2 or more tanks, loading logic adjustments can be made in this menu.

In systems 1 and 2, only the menu item **Pump delay** will be available.

Tank sequence control:

If the priority tank cannot be loaded, the subordinate tank next in priority is checked. If useful heat can be added, it will be loaded for the circulation time

Solar/Basic settings/Loading logic

(Circ. – factory setting 15 min.) After this, the loading process stops and the controller monitors the increase in collector temperature during the loading break time **Load. break.** If it increases by 2 K [4° Ra], the break time timer starts again to allow the collector to gain more heat. If the collector temperature does not increase sufficiently, the subordinate store will be loaded again for the **Circ.** time as before.

As soon as the switch-on condition of the priority tank is fulfilled, it will be loaded. If the switch-on condition of the priority tank is not fulfilled, loading of the second tank will be continued. If the priority store reaches its maximum temperature, tank sequence control will not be carried out.

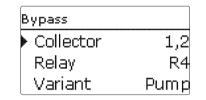
If tank sequence control is active and the system switches to load the priority tank, the parameter **Load**. **break** also acts as a stabilization timer, during which the switch-off condition is ignored while the system operation stabilizes.

8.2 Solar optional functions

Add new function Bypass CS bypass Ext. HX

In this menu, additional functions can be selected and adjusted for the solar part of the arrangement.

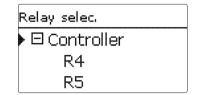
By selecting **Add new function...**, different pre-programmed functions can be selected. The optional functions are available as long as free relays are available.



When a function is selected, a submenu opens in which all adjustments required can be made. With this menu item, a relay and, if necessary, certain system components can be allocated to the function.

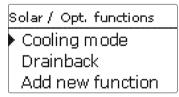
Adjustment channel	Description	Adjustment range/selection	Factory setting
Load. break	Loading break time	15 min	2 min
Circ.	Circulation time	1 60 min	15 min
Break speed	Pause speed	Yes, No	No
Speed	Pause speed	30100 %	30 %
Pump delay	Pump delay	Yes, No	No
Delay	Delay time	5 600 s	15 s

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The menu item **Relay selec.** is available in all optional functions. Therefore, it will not be explained in the individual function descriptions.

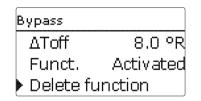
With this menu item, a relay can be allocated to the function. All free relays are available for selection. In the submenu **Controller**, all free relays of the controller are displayed. If external modules are connected and registered, their relays will be displayed in corresponding submenus.



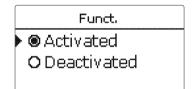
When a function has been selected and adjusted, it will appear in the **Opt. functions** above the menu item **Add new function...**

This allows an easy overview of functions already activated.

An overview about which sensor has been allocated to which component and which relay has been allocated to which function is given in the **Status/Service** menu.



At the end of each optional function submenu, the menu items **Funct.** and **Delete function** are available.



With the menu item **Funct.**, an optional function already selected can be temporarily deactivated or reactivated respectively. All adjustments remain tankd, the allocated relays remain occupied and cannot be allocated to another function.

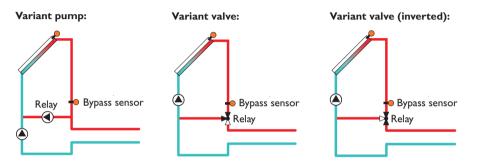
Bypass	
Reset?	No

If the menu item **Delete function** is confirmed by pressing button (5), a security inquiry appears. The setting can be changed between **Yes** and **No** by pressing buttons (2) and (4). If **Yes** has been selected and confirmed by pressing button (5), the function is deleted and available under **Add new function...** again. The corresponding relays are available again.

Bypass

Bypass	
Collector	1,2
Relay	R4
Variant	Pump

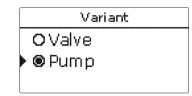
In order to prevent energy from being extracted from the tank when starting tank loading, this function makes sure that the cold fluid in the pipes is diverted past the tank via a bypass (valve or pump). Once the pipe is warm enough, the tank can be loaded. The switch-on conditions can be adjusted individually.



Exemplary schematics for the bypass variants

Solar/Opt. functions/Add new function.../Bypass

Adjustment channel	Description	Adjustment range/selection	Factory setting
Collector	Collector field	system dependent	system dependent
Relay	Bypass relay	system dependent	system dependent
Variant	Variant (pump or valve logic)	pump, valve	pump
Inverted	Valve logic inversion	Yes, No	No
Sensor	Bypass sensor	system dependent	system dependent
ΔTon	Switch-on temperature difference	1.0 20.0 K [2.0 40.0°Ra]	6.0.K [12.0°Ra]
ΔToff	Switch-off temperature difference	0.5 19.5 K [1.0 39.0 °Ra]	4.0 K [8.0 °Ra]
Funct.	Activation / Deactivation	Activ., Deactivated	Activ.



Depending on whether the bypass is energized by a valve or by a second pump, a corresponding adjustment can be made in the menu item **Variant**. Depending on the variant, different control logics are applied:

Pump:

In this version, a bypass pump is placed in front of the collector pump.

The bypass pump is first activated when store loading is possible. If the switch-on condition is fulfilled, the bypass pump is switched off and the collector circuit pump is activated.

Valve:

A bypass valve is placed into the solar circuit.

The solar heat exchanger is first bypassed when store loading is possible. If the above-mentioned switch-on condition is fulfilled, the bypass relay switches the collector circuit via the heat exchanger.

When the valve variant is selected, the option **Invert**ed is additionally available. When the Inverted option is activated and the bypass circuit becomes activated, the relay switches on. When solar loading starts, the relay switches off again (see figure).

Note:

In multi-tank systems with pump logic, the variant valve is not available.

CS bypass

CS bypass	
Collector	-,-
Irrad.	200 W/m²
Delay	120 s

The CS bypass function is a different possibility to activate the collector circuit. To enable the use of the CS bypass function, a CS10 irradiation sensor has to be connected.

When the CS bypass function is activated, the irradiation value is the switch-on condition for the collector circuit. The relay remains switched on if the irradiation value is exceeded for the delay time.When solar loading begins or the irradiation value remains below the switchon value for the delay time, the relay is switched off. When the **Stmax off** option is activated, collector circuit activation is suppressed as long as all tank temperatures are above their respective maximum temperatures.

Solar/Opt. functions/Add new function.../CS bypass

Adjustment channel	Description	Adjustment range/selection	Factory setting
Collector	Collector field	system dependent	system dependent
Irrad.	Switch-on irradiation	100 500 W/m ²	200 W / m ²
Delay	Delay time	10 300 s	120 s
Stmax off	Stmax switch-on suppression	Yes, No	Yes
Funct.	Activation/Deactivation	Activ., Deactivated	Deactivated

Evacuated tube collector function

Tube collector	
🕨 Start	08:00
Stop	19:00
Run	30 s

Solar/Opt. functions/Add new function.../Tube collector

Adjustment channel	Description	Adjustment range/selection	Factory setting
Start	Start time frame	00:0023:00	08:00
Stop	Stop time frame	00:3023:30	19:00
Run	Pump runtime	5 600 s	30 s
Break	Break	1 60 min	30 min
Delay	Pump delay	5 600 s	30 s
Collector	Collector field	system dependent	system dependent
Funct.	Activation/Deactivation	Activ., Deactivated	Deactivated

This function helps overcome the non-ideal sensor position with some evacuated tube collectors.

This function operates within an adjusted time frame. It activates the collector circuit pump for an adjustable runtime between adjustable pauses in order to compensate for the delayed temperature measurement.

If the runtime is set to more than 10 s, the pump will be run at 100 % for the first 10 s of the runtime. For the remaining runtime, the pump will be run at the adjusted minimum speed.

If the collector sensor is defective or the collector is blocked, this function is suppressed or switched off.

2-collector systems

In 2-collector systems, the evacuated tube collector function is available for each individual collector field. If one of the collector fields is being loaded, the heat transfer fluid flows through the inactive field and only the corresponding relay is energized.

Multi-tank systems

If the evacuated tube collector function is activated, the speed of the solar pump will decrease to the minimum speed during the loading break time. The solar loading of the subordinate tank will continue.

In 2-collector systems, during the loading break time, the collector field which has been active before the loading break time remains active during the loading break time, unless the evacuated tube collector function of the inactive field becomes active.

Target temperature

Target temp.	
▶ Targ. temp.	150 °F
Sensor	S9
Rise	4.0 °R

Solar/Opt. functions/Add new function.../Target temperature

Adjustment channel	Description	Adjustment range/selection	Factory setting
Targ. temp.	Target temperature	20110°C [68230°F]	65 °C [150 °F]
Sensor	Reference sensor	system dependent	system dependent
Rise	Rise	1.0 20.0 K [2.0 40.0°Ra]	2.0 K [4.0 °Ra]
Funct.	Activation / Deactivation	Activ., Deactivated	Deactivated

en

Antifreeze

Antifreeze		
Frost on	40 °F	
Frost off	44 °F	
Collector	1	

Solar/Opt. functions/Add new function.../Antifreeze

Adjustment channel	Description	Adjustment range/selection	Factory setting
Frost on	Antifreeze switch-on temperature	-40+15°C [-40+58°F]	+4°C [+40°F]
Frost off	Antifreeze switch-off temperature	-39 +16 °C [-39 +60 °F]	+6°C [+44°F]
Collector	Collector field	system dependent	system dependent
Store (1 4)	Store order	system dependent	system dependent
Funct.	Activation/Deactivation	Activ., Deactivated	Deactivated

When the **Target temperature** function is activated, the pump speed control logic changes. The controller will remain at the minimum pump speed until the temperature at the allocated sensor exceeds the adjusted target temperature. Only then will the standard pump speed control start to operate. If the temperature at the allocated sensor changes by the adjusted **Rise** value, the pump speed will be adjusted correspondingly.

If the **Ext. HX** (see page 38) function has beed activated, too, the target temperature control will pause while the external heat exchanger is loaded. While the external heat exchanger is loaded, its own pump speed control will come into effect.

As soon as the temperature at the collector is 4° C [40 °F], the antifreeze function operates the loading circuit between the collector and the 1st tank in order to protect the heat transfer fluid in the loading circuit against freezing or coagulation.

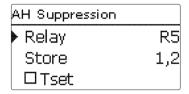
If the collector temperature exceeds 6 $^\circ C$ [44 $^\circ F$], this function is switched off.

Heat will be extracted from the tanks according to the adjusted order. If all tanks have reached their minimum temperature of $5\,^\circ\text{C}$ [42 $^\circ\text{F}$], the function becomes inactive.

The minimum pump speed is set to 100%.

In 2-collector systems, the antifreeze menu is extended. The adjustment channels are seperated numerically.

Backup heating suppression



Solar/Opt. functions/Add new function.../AH suppress.

The backup heating suppression blocks the conventional backup heating of a tank that is currently in solar loading.

This function is activated if a previously selected $\ensuremath{\textbf{Store}}$ is being loaded.

Solar loading means that tank loading is only carried out for energy supply and not for cooling purposes etc.

If the **Tset** option is activated, the backup heating will only be suppressed when the store temperature exceeds Tset.

Adjustment channel	Description	Adjustment range/selection	Factory setting
Relay	Reference relay	system dependent	system dependent
Store	Sensor selection	system dependent	system dependent
Tset	Set temperature	Yes, No	No
Funct.	Activation / Deactivation	Activ., Deactivated	Deactivated

Parallel relay

Ρ	Parallel relay		
Þ	Relay	R3	
	Store	1	
	Funct.	Activated	

Solar/Opt. functions/Add new function.../Parallel relay

Adjustment channel	Description	Adjustment range/selection	Factory setting
Relay	Parallel relay	system dependent	system dependent
Store	Sensor selection	system dependent	system dependent
Funct.	Activation / Deactivation	Activ., Deactivated	Deactivated

With this function, e. g. a valve can be controlled in parallel to a solar pump via a separate relay.

Switch-on condition for the solar parallel relay function is that one or more of the selected tanks is being loaded. If at least one of the selected tanks is being loaded, the parallel relay is energized.

The parallel relay function operates regardless whether the store is subjected to regular solar loading or to a loading caused by an optional function (such as the collector cooling).



Note:

If a relay is in the manual mode, the selected parallel relay will not be energized.

Cooling mode

In the cooling mode menu, different cooling functions are available. They can be used for keeping the solar system operational for a longer time during strong solar irradiation.

For this purpose, the adjusted maximum tank temperatures can be exceeded. The tank order for this overloading can be adjusted. Additionally, each individual tank can be excluded from this function.

Two different variants are available for the cooling mode: the system cooling and the collector cooling.

Cooling mode	
🕨 Var.	Off
Store 1	_
St cooling	No

System cooling:

If the system cooling variant has been selected and the switch-on temperature difference is exceeded, tank loading is continued even if the corresponding maximum temperature is exceeded, but only up to the emergency shutdown temperature. Tank loading continues until all tanks have reached the emergency shutdown temperature or until the switch-off temperature difference is reached.

Collector cooling:

If the collector cooling variant has been selected, tank loading is continued or reactivated when the collector maximum temperature is exceeded.

Tank loading continues until all tanks have reached the emergency shutdown temperature or until the collector temperature falls below the collector maximum temperature by at least 5 K [10 °Ra].

In 2-collector systems, separate adjustments can be made for each collector field.

The control logic regards collector cooling operation as solar loading. The adjusted values for delay, minimum runtime, etc. remain valid.

In addition to the cooling mode, tank cooling is available.

Tank cooling:

When the tank cooling function (St cooling) is activated, the controller aims to cool down the tank during the night in order to prepare it for solar loading on the following day.

When the tank cooling function is activated, the solar pump is switched on if the maximum tank temperature is exceeded and the collector temperature falls below the store temperature. The solar pump remains active until the tank temperature falls below the adjusted maximum tank temperature.

The tank order for the cooling is the same as in the overheating through system- or collector cooling.

The holiday function works like the tank cooling function but aims to cool the tank further down during times without DHW consumption in order to prepare it for solar loading on the following day.

Cooling mode			
🕨 🛛 Holiday			
Activ.	Timer		
On 17.1	1.2010		

This function can only be activated if the tank cooling function is activated.

The holiday function can either be activated manually when a phase with no DHW consumption begins, or a time frame, during which the function is to become active, can be set in advance. If **manual** is selected, an input can be allocated to the function. When a switch is connected to the allocated input, it will act as an on/ off switch for the holiday function.

Solar/Opt. functions/Add new function.../Cooling mode

Adjustment channel	Description	Adjustment range/selection	Factory setting
Variant	Cooling logic variant	Col. cool, Syst. cool., Off	Off
Tcolmax.	Collector maximum temperature	70 190°C [158 374°F]	100°C [212°F]
Store (1 4)	Tank order	system dependent	system dependent
St cooling	Tank cooling	Yes, No	No
Δ Ton	Switch-on temperature difference	1.0 30.0 K [2.0 60.0 °Ra]	20.0 K [40.0 °Ra]
Δ Toff	Switch-off temperature difference	0.5 29.5 K [1.0 59.0 °Ra]	15.0 K [30.0 °Ra]
Holiday	Holiday function	Yes, No	No
Activation	Activation mode	Manual, Timer	Timer
On	Holiday function switch-on date	Dates up to 31.12.2099	Current date
Off	Holiday function switch-off date	Dates up to 31.12.2099	Current date
Input	Holiday function switch input	system dependent	system dependent
Stmax (1 4)	Maximum tank temperature Holiday function	4 95 °C [40 204 °F]	40°C [104°F]

Solar external heat exchanger

Ext. HX	
🕨 Relay	R4
Min speed	30%
Store	1

Solar/Opt. functions/Add new function.../Ext. HX

Adjustment channel	Description	Adjustment range/selection	Factory setting
Relay	Relay selection	system dependent	system dependent
Min speed	Minimum speed	30100 %	30 %
Store	Sensor selection	system dependent	1
Sensor HX	Reference sensor ext.HX	system dependent	system dependent
Targ. temp.	Target temperature option	Yes, No	No
Sensor	Target temperature reference sensor	system dependent	system dependent
Targ. temp.	Target temperature	15 95 °C [60 204 °F]	60°C [140°F]
Δ Ton	Switch-on temperature difference	1.0 20.0 K [2.0 40.0 °Ra]	10.0 K [20.0 °Ra]
Δ Toff	Switch-off temperature difference	0.5 19.5 K [1.0 39.0 °Ra]	5.0 K [10.0 °Ra]
Overrun	Overrun time	115 min	2 min

This function is used to link loading circuits that are separated by an external heat exchanger.

The allocated relay is energized if one of the selected tanks is being loaded and there is a temperature difference between the sensor of the corresponding tank and the solar flow.

Any number of the solar tanks can be selected.

The relay is switched off if this temperature difference falls below the adjusted switch-off difference.

In contrast to the bypass function, a differential control between **Sensor HX** and the tank temperature can be carried out by means of the heat exchanger relay.

The reference sensor can be arbitrarily allocated.

In systems in which tanks are equipped with their own loading pumps, the relay "external heat exchanger" controls the primary circuit pump.

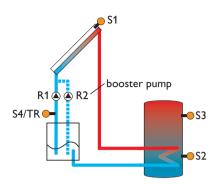
The heat exchanger is protected by a non-adjustable antifreeze function.

Note:

Because of the special hydronics, the target temperature option will not work properly in systems with 2 collector fields.

Drainback option

D	rainback	
Þ	Filling time	5 min
	Stab. time	2.0 min
	Initialis.	60 s



Exemplary drainback system layout (R2 = booster pump)

Solar/Opt. functions/Add new function.../Drainback

Adjustment channel	Description	Adjustment range/selection	Factory setting
Filling time	Filling time	1 30 min	5 min
Stab. time	Stabilization time	1.015.0 min	2,0 min
Initialis.	Initialization time	1 100 s	60 s
Booster	Booster option	Yes, No	No
Relay	Booster pump relay selection	system dependent	system dependent
Drain impulse	Drain impulse option	Yes, No	No
Delay	Delay time	1 30 min	3 min
Duration	Drain impulse loading duration	1 60 s	10 s
Funct.	Activation/Deactivation	Activ., Deactivated	Deactivated

A drainback system permits the heat transfer fluid to drain back into the holding tank when solar energy is not collected.The drainback option will initiate the filling of the system when solar loading begins.

Note:

A drainback system requires additional components such as a holding tank. The drainback option should only be activated if all components required are properly installed.

The parameter **Filling time** is used to adjust the time period for which the pump will be run at 100 % speed in order to fill the system.

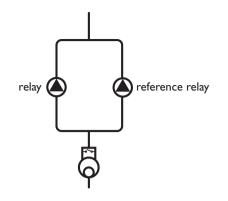
The parameter **Stabilisation** is used for adjusting the time period during which the switch-off condition will be ignored after the filling time has ended.

The parameter **Initialis.** is used for adjusting the time period during which the switch-on condition must be permanentely fulfilled for the filling procedure to start. The **Booster** option is used for switching on a sec-

ond pump when filling the solar system. The corresponding relay is switched on at 100 % speed for the duration of the filling time.

A short time (Delay time) after the system has been emptied, the **Drain impulse** option will switch on the solar pump for an adjustable **Duration**. Thus, a hydrostatic head will form in the flow pipe. When it falls back into the holding tank, water pockets remaining in the collector will be sucked down into the holding tank. **Twin pump**

Twin pump	
Relay	R5
Reference relay	RЗ
Runtime	6 h



Exemplary figure of twin pumps in the solar flow with upstream flowmeter

Solar/Opt. functions/Add new function.../Twin pump

Adjustment channel	Description	Adjustment range/selection	Factory setting
Relay	Relay selection	system dependent	system dependent
Ref. relay	Reference relay selection	system dependent	system dependent
Runtime	Pump runtime	1 48 h	6 h
Flow rate mon.	Flow rate monitoring option	Yes, No	No
Flow rate sen.	Flow rate sensor selection	Imp1, Gd1, Gd2	Imp1
Delay	Delay time	1 10 min	5 min
Funct.	Activation / Deactivation	Activ., Deactivated	Deactivated

The **Twin pump** function controls the equal distribution of pump runtime in systems with two equally usable pumps.

If the allocated relay has exceeded its adjusted runtime and the next switch-on process is imminent, the reference relay is switched on instead. All characteristics are adopted.

If the reference relay has in turn exceeded its runtime as well, the first relay is switched on again in the next switch-on process.

Additionally, the **Flow rate monitoring** option can be activated in order to activate the twin pump in the case of a flow rate error. When the flow rate monitoring option is activated, two additional adjustment channels appear for allocating a sensor and adjusting a delay time.

If the flow rate monitoring option is activated, an error message will appear when no flow rate is detected at the allocated sensor after the **Delay** time has passed. The active relay is considered as defective and will be blocked until the error message has been acknowledged. The second relay will be activated instead. The twin pump function will pause until the error message has been acknowledged.

When the error message is acknowledged, the controller runs a test during which it will energize the relay and again monitor the flow rate.

Heat dump

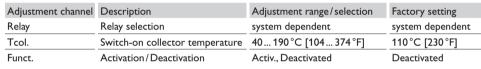
Surplus heat diss.		
🕨 Relay	R4	
Tcol.	110 °F	
Funct.	Activated	

i

Note:

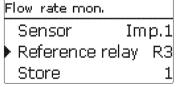
The switch-on collector temperature is blocked against the emergency switch-off temperature by 10 K [20 °Ra].

Solar/Opt. functions/Add new function.../Heat dump



Relay

Flow rate monitoring



Solar/Opt. functions/Add new function.../Flow rate mon.

Adjustment channel	Description	Adjustment range/selection	Factory setting
Sensor	Flow rate sensor selection	Imp1, Gd1, Gd2	Imp1
Ref. relay	Reference relay selection	system dependent	system dependent
Store	Sensor selection	system dependent	1
Funct.	Activation/Deactivation	Activ., Deactivated	Deactivated

The heat dump function can be used to direct excess heat generated by strong solar irradiation to an external heat exchanger (e. g. fan coil) in order to prevent the collectors from overheating.

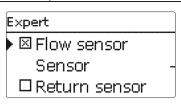
The allocated relay is energized with 100%, if the collector temperature reaches the adjusted switch-on temperature. If the collector temperature falls by 5 K [10°Ra], below the adjusted collector overtemperature, the relay will be switched off.

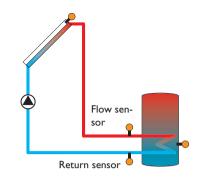
If one of the tank temperatures exceeds its respective maximum temperature by more than $5 \text{ K} [10 \,^{\circ}\text{Ra}]$ while the heat dump function is active, the function is deactivated and an error message appears. If the tank temperature falls below the maximum tank temperature again, the heat dump function is released.

The flow rate monitoring function can be used to detect malfunctions that impede the flow rate and to switch off the corresponding relay. This will prevent system damage, e.g. through a dry run of the pump. If the flow rate monitoring function is activated, an error message will appear when no flow rate is detected at the allocated flowmeter after the delay time has passed. The tank being loaded is blocked for any further loading until the error message has been acknowledged. The next tank free for loading will be loaded instead

The error message will appear both in the **Status/Messages** menu and in the optional function menu. It can only be acknowledged in the optional function menu. When the error message is acknowledged, the controller runs a test during which it will energize the relay and again monitor the flow rate.

8.3 Solar expert menu





Example of flow- and return sensor positions

Solar/Expert

en

Adjustment channel	Description	Adjustment range/selection	Factory setting
Flow sensor	Flow sensor option	Yes, No	No
Sensor	Flow sensor selection	system dependent	system dependent
Return sensor	Return sensor option	Yes, No	No
Sensor	Return sensor selection	system dependent	system dependent

The expert menu is only available when the expert user code has been entered.

In the expert menu, a flow and a return sensor can be selected and allocated. The activated sensors are used to detect the switch-off conditions.



Note:

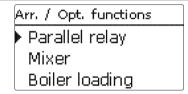
Because of the special hydronics, this function will not work properly in systems with 2 collector fields.

Arrangement
Arrangement
Opt. functions
back

In this menu, all adjustments for the non-solar part of the arrangement can be made.

A range of optional functions can be selected and adjusted.

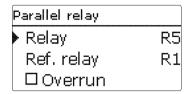
9.1 Optional functions



In this menu, additional functions can be selected and adjusted for the arrangement.

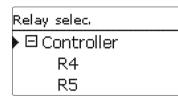
By selecting **Add new function...**, different pre-programmed functions can be selected. The optional functions are available as long as free relays are available.

42



When a function is selected, a submenu opens in which all adjustments required can be made.

With this submenu, a relay and, if necessary, certain system components can be allocated to the function.



The menu item **Relay selec.** is available in all optional functions. Therefore, it will not be explained in the individual function descriptions.

With this menu item, a relay can be allocated to the function. All free relays are available for selection.

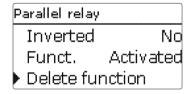
In the submenu **Controller**, all free relays of the controller are displayed. If external modules are connected and registered, their relays will be displayed in corresponding submenus.

Arr. / Opt. functions Parallel relay. Add new function back

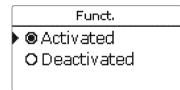
When a function has been selected and adjusted, it will appear in the **Opt. functions** above the menu item **Add new function...**

This allows an easy overview of functions already activated.

An overview about which sensor has been allocated to which component and which relay has been allocated to which function is given in the **Status/Service** menu.



At the end of each optional function submenu, the menu items **Funct.** and **Delete function** are available.

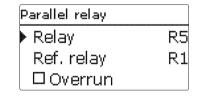


With the menu item **Funct.**, an optional function already selected can be temporarily deactivated or reactivated respectively. All adjustments remain stored, the allocated relays remain occupied and cannot be allocated to another function.

Parallel relay	
Reset?	No

If the menu item **Delete function** is confirmed by pressing button (5), a security inquiry appears. The setting can be changed between **Yes** and **No** by pressing buttons (2) and (4). If **Yes** has been selected and confirmed by pressing button (5), the function is deleted and available under **Add new function...** again. The corresponding relays are available again.

Parallel relay



Note:

If a relay

If a relay is in the manual mode, the selected parallel relay will not be energized.

Arrangement/Opt. functions/Add new function ... / Parallel relay

Adjustment channel	Description	Adjustment range/selection	Factory setting
Relay	Relay selection	system dependent	system dependent
Ref. relay	Reference relay selection	system dependent	system dependent
Overrun	Overrun option	Yes, No	No
Duration	Overrun time	1 30 min	1 min
Delay	Delay option	Yes, No	No
Duration	Delay time	1 30 min	1 min
Inverted	Inverted switching option	Yes, No	No
Funct.	Activation / Deactivation	Activ., Deactivated	Deactivated

The **Parallel relay** function can be used to operate an allocated parallel relay alongside a selected reference relay. With this function, e. g. a valve can be controlled in parallel to the pump via a separate relay.

If the **Overrun** option is activated, the parallel relay remains switched on for the adjusted duration time after the reference relay has been switched off.

If the **Delay** option is activated, the parallel relay will be energized after the adjusted duration has expired. If the reference relay is switched off again during the delay time, the parallel relay will not be switched on at all.

If the **Inverted** option is activated, the parallel relay switches on when the reference relay switches off and vice versa.

The mixer function can be used to adjust the actual flow temperature to the desired mixer target temperature **TMixer**. The mixer is opened or closed in pulses depending on this deviation. The pulses are determined by the adjustable **Interval**. The pause is determined by the difference between the actual value and the set value.

Mixer

Mi×er	
Relay closed	R2
Relay open	R4
Sensor	S3

Arrangement/Opt. functions/Add new function.../Mixer

Adjustment channel	Description	Adjustment range/selection	Factory setting
Relay closed	Relay selection mixer closed	system dependent	system dependent
Relay open	Relay selection mixer open	system dependent	system dependent
Sensor	Sensor selection	system dependent	system dependent
TMixer	Mixer target temperature	0130°C [32266°F]	60°C [140°F]
Interval	Mixer interval	1 20 s	4 s
Funct.	Activation/Deactivation	Activ., Deactivated	Deactivated

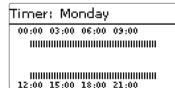
Boiler loading

Boiler loading				
🕨 Relay	R5			
Sensor top	S4			
Sensor base	S5			

The boiler loading function can be used to load a tank zone between 2 sensors. For the monitoring of switch-on and switch-off conditions, 2 sensors are used. The switch-on and switch-off temperatures **TBoiler on** and **TBoiler off** are used as reference parameters.

If the measured temperatures at both allocated sensors fall below the adjusted switching threshold **TBoiler on**, the relay is energized. It is switched off again when the temperature at both sensors has exceeded **TBoiler off**.

If one of the two sensors is defective, tank loading is suppressed or switched off.



When the **Timer** option is activated, a timer is indicated in which time frames for the function can be adjusted.

First of all, an overview of the current adjustment is displayed. For each day of the week there is an overview display. The display can be switched back and forth between the different days by pressing buttons 2 or 4.

In order to adjust the timer, press button (5). First the individual days of the week or all days of the week can be selected. The last menu item after the list of days is **Continue**. If **Continue** is selected, the **Edit timer** menu opens, in which the time frames can be adjusted.



The time frames can be adjusted in steps of 15 minutes. The cursor can be moved along the time line by pressing buttons 2 or 4 . The beginning of a time frame can be determined by pressing button 1. The end of a time frame can be determined by pressing button 3.

Edit t	imer		
00:00	03:00	06:00	09:00
00:00			
		18:00	21:00

Arrangement/Opt. functions/Add new function.../Boiler loading

Adjustment channel	Description	Adjustment range/selection	Factory setting
Relay	Relay selection	system dependent	system dependent
Sensor top	Top sensor selection	system dependent	system dependent
Sensor base	Bottom sensor selection	system dependent	system dependent
TBoiler on	Boiler switch-on temperature	0 94°C [32 202°F]	45 °C [114 °F]
TBoiler off	Boiler switch-off temperature	1 95 °C [34 204 °F]	60°C [140°F]
Timer	Timer option	Yes, No	No
Timer	Timer	-	-
Days of the week	Day selection	All days, Monday Sunday, Continue	-
Timer	Time frame adjustment	00:0023:45	-
Funct.	Activation/Deactivation	Activ., Deactivated	Deactivated

Error relay

en

E	rror relay	
┝	Relay	R2
	Funct.	Activated
	Delete fu	unction

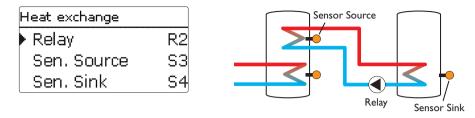
The error relay function can be used to operate a relay in the case of an error. Thus, e. g. a signaling device can be connected to signal errors.

If the error relay function is activated, the allocated relay will be energized when a sensor fault occurs. If the flow rate monitoring function is activated, the error relay will additionally energized in the case of a flow rate error.

Arrangement/Opt. functions/Add new function.../Error relay

Adjustment channel	Description	Adjustment range/selection	Factory setting
Relay	Relay selection	system dependent	system dependent
Funct.	Activation / Deactivation	Activ., Deactivated	Deactivated

Heat exchange



Arrangement/Opt. functions/Add new function.../Heat exchange

Adjustment channel	Description	Adjustment range/selection	Factory setting
Relay	Relay selection	system dependent	system dependent
Sen. So.	Heat source sensor selection	system dependent	system dependent
Sen. Sink	Heat sink sensor selection	system dependent	system dependent
Δ Ton	Switch-on temperature difference	1.0 30.0 K [2.0 60.0 °Ra]	6.0 K [12.0 °Ra]
Δ Toff	Switch-off temperature difference	0.5 29.5 K [1.0 59.0 °Ra]	4.0 K [8.0 °Ra]
$\Delta Tset$	Set temperature difference	1.5 40.0 K [3.0 80.0 °Ra]	10.0 K [20.0 °Ra]
Min. speed	Minimum speed	30100 %	30 %
Tmax	Maximum temperature of the tank to be loaded	10 95 °C [50 204 °F]	60°C [140°F]
Tmin	Minimum temperature of the tank to be loaded	10 95 °C [50 204 °F]	10°C [50°F]
Timer	Timer	1.5 30.0 K [1.5 60.0 °Ra]	10.0 K [20.0 °Ra]
Days of the week	Day selection	4 95 °C [40 204 °F]	45 °C [114 °F]
Timer	Time frame adjustment	4 95 °C [40 204 °F]	60°C [140°F]
Funct.	Activation / Deactivation	Activ., Deactivated	Deactivated

The heat exchange function can be used for transferring heat from a heat source to a heat sink.

The allocated relay is energized when all switch-on conditions are fulfilled:

- the temperature difference between the allocated sensors has exceeded the switch-on temperature difference
- the temperature at the heat source sensor has exceeded the minimum temperature
- the temperature at the heat sink sensor has fallen below the maximum temperature

If Δ **Tset** is exceeded, pump speed control will come into effect. For every deviation of 2 K [4°Ra], the pump speed will be adjusted by 10 %.

When the **Timer** option is activated, a timer is indicated in which time frames for the function can be adjusted.



Note:

For information on timer adjustment see page 11.

Solid fuel boiler

Solid fuel boiler				Senso	or Solid fuel boiler
🕨 Relay	R5		<u></u>		
Sen. Boiler	S7				
Sen. Store	S9		-•	Relay	
			Sensor Sto	ore	

The solid fuel boiler function can be used for transferring heat from a solid fuel boiler to a tank.

The allocated relay is energized when all switch-on conditions are fulfilled:

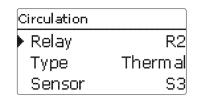
- the temperature difference between the allocated sensors has exceeded the switch-on temperature difference
- the temperature at the solid fuel boiler sensor has exceeded the minimum temperature
- the temperature at the tank sensor has fallen below the maximum temperature

If Δ **Tset** is exceeded, pump speed control will come into effect. For every deviation of 2 K [4°Ra], the pump speed will be adjusted by 10 %.

Adjustment channel	Description	Adjustment range/selection	Factory setting
Relay	Relay selection	system dependent	system dependent
Sen. Boiler	Solid fuel boiler sensor selection	system dependent	system dependent
Sen. Store	Tank sensor selection	system dependent	system dependent
Δ Ton	Switch-on temperature difference	1.0 30.0 K [2.0 60.0 °Ra]	6.0 K [12.0°Ra]
Δ Toff	Switch-off temperature difference	0.5 29.5 K [1.0 59.0 °Ra]	4.0 K [8.0°Ra]
$\Delta Tset$	Set temperature difference	1.5 40.0 K [3.0 80.0 °Ra]	10.0 K [20.0 °Ra]
Min. speed	Minimum speed	30 100 %	30 %
Tmax St.	Maximum temperature	10 95 °C [50 204 °F]	60°C [140°F]
Tmin boiler	Minimum temperature	10 95 °C [50 204 °F]	60°C [140°F]
Funct.	Activation/Deactivation	Activ., Deactivated	Deactivated

Arrangement/Opt. functions/Add new function.../Solid fuel boiler

Circulation



The circulation function can be used for controlling a circulation pump.

For the control logic, 5 different variants are available:

- Thermal
- Timer
- Therm. + Timer
- Demand
- Demand + Timer

If one of the variants is selected, the corresponding adjustment channels will appear.

Thermal

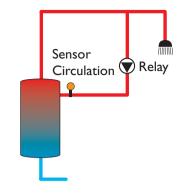
The temperature at the allocated sensor is monitored. The allocated relay switches on when the adjusted switch-on temperature is exceeded. If the temperature falls below the switch-off temperature, the relay switches off.

Timer

The relay is switched on during the adjusted time frames, outside of them it switches off. For information on how to adjust the timer, see below.

Therm. + Timer

The relay operates when the switch-on conditions of both above mentioned variants are fulfilled.



Demand

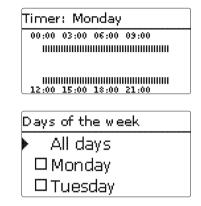
The allocated FS08 flow switch is monitored for continuity (circuit continuity is achieved when fluid passes through the flow switch). If circuit continuity is detected at the flow switch, the relay switches on for the adjusted runtime. After the runtime has ended, the relay is switched off. During the adjusted break time, the relay remains switched off even if continuity is detected at the flow switch.

Note: If the f

If the flow switch is connected to the input S1...S12, continuity must be detected for at least 5 s for the controller to an impuls input at least 1 s.

Demand + Timer

The relay operates when the switch-on conditions of both above mentioned variants are fulfilled.



When the **Timer**, **Therm. + Timer** or **Demand + Timer** variant is activated, a timer is indicated in which time frames for the function can be adjusted.

First of all, an overview of the current adjustment is displayed. For each day of the week there is an overview display. The display can be switched back and forth between the different days by pressing buttons 12 or (44).

In order to adjust the timer, press button 5. First, the individual days of the week or all days of the

week can be selected. The last menu item after the list of days is **Continue**. If **Continue** is selected, the **Edit timer** menu opens, in which the time frames can be adjusted.

Edit timer

The time frames can be adjusted in steps of 15 minutes. The cursor can be moved along the time line by pressing buttons 2 or 4.

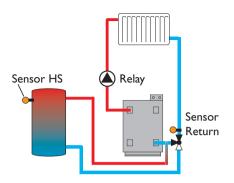
The beginning of a time frame can be determined by pressing button (1). The end of a time frame can be determined by pressing button (3).

Arrangement/Opt. functions/Add new function.../Circulation

Adjustment channel	Description	Adjustment range/selection	Factory setting
Relay	Relay selection	system dependent	system dependent
Туре	Circulation Type	Demand, Thermal, Timer, Therm.+Timer, Demand+Timer	Thermal
Sensor	Circulation sensor selection	system dependent	system dependent
Ton	Switch-on temperature	10 59°C [50 138°F]	40 °C [104 °F]
Toff	Switch-off temperature	11 60 °C [52 140 °F]	45 °C [114 °F]
Timer	Timer	-	-
Days of the week	Day selection	All days, Monday Sunday, Continue	-
Timer	Time frame adjustment	00:00 23:45	-
Sensor	FS08 sensor input selection	system dependent	system dependent
Delay	Demand delay time	02s	1 s
Runtime	Runtime	01:00 15:00 min	03:00 min
Break time	Break time	10 60 min	30 min
Funct.	Activation/Deactivation	Activ., Deactivated	Deactivated

Return preheating

Return preheat.	
🕨 Relay	R4
Sen. Return	S6
Sen. HSource	S9



Arrangement/Opt. functions/Add new function.../Ret. preheat.

The return preheating function can be used for transferring heat from a heat source to the heating circuit return.

The allocated relay is energized when both switch-on conditions are fulfilled:

- the temperature difference between the allocated sensors has exceeded the switch-on temperature difference
- the temperature at the outdoor temperature sensor has fallen below the adjusted outdoor temperature

With the summer switch-off option, the return preheating can be suppressed outside the heating period. If the heating circuit concerned is controlled by the controller, the adjustments automatically adapt to the heating circuit.

*When a heating circuit has been activated, this adjustment is determined by the corresponding parameter in the heating circuit menu.

Adjustment channel	Description	Adjustment range/selection	Factory setting
Relay	Relay selection	system dependent	system dependent
Sen. Return	Return sensor selection	system dependent	system dependent
Sen. HS	Heat source sensor selection	system dependent	system dependent
Δ Ton	Switch-on temperature difference	2.0 30.0 K [4.0 60.0 °Ra]	6.0 K [12.0 °Ra]
Δ Toff	Switch-off temperature difference	1.0 29.0 K [2.0 58.0 °Ra]	4.0 K [8.0°Ra]
Summer off	Summer switch-off option	Yes, No	No
Sensor	Outdoor sensor selection	system dependent	system dependent*
Toff	Switch-off temperature	10 60 °C [50 140 °F]	20°C [68°F]
Funct.	Activation / Deactivation	Activ., Deactivated	Deactivated

Function block

Function block R3 Relay 🗆 Thermostat a 🗆 Thermostat h

In addition to the pre-defined optional functions, function blocks consisting of thermostat functions, timer and differential functions are available. With the help of these function blocks, further components, resp. functions can be controlled.

To each function block, sensors and free relays can be allocated. Sensors already in use can be allocated again without impeding their control functions.

Within a function block the functions are interconnected (AND gate). This means that the conditions of all the activated functions have to be fulfilled (e. g. thermostat and timer) for switching the allocated relay.As soon as one condition is not fulfilled, the relay is switched off.

Thermostat function

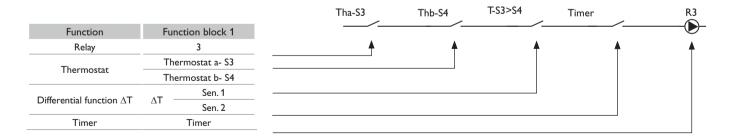
The relay allocated to the function block is switched on, when the adjusted switch-on temperature (Th(x)on) is reached. It is switched off when the adjusted switch-off temperature (Th(x)off) is reached. The switching conditions of all other activated functions of the function block have to be fulfilled as well.

Allocate the reference sensor in the **Sensor** channel. Adjust the maximum temperature limitation with Th(x)off> Th(x)on and the minimum temperature limitation with Th(x)on> Th(x)off. The temperatures cannot be set to an identical value.

$\Delta \boldsymbol{\mathsf{T}}$ function

The relay allocated to the function block is switched on as soon as the adjusted switch-on temperature difference (Δ Th(x)on) is reached. It is switched off as soon as the adjusted switch-off temperature difference (Δ Th(x)off) is reached. The switching conditions of all other activated functions of the function block have to be fulfilled as well.

The ΔT function is equipped with a speed control function. A set temperature difference and a minimum speed can be adjusted. The non-adjustable rise value is set to 2 K [4°Ra].



52

Adjustment channel	Description	Adjustment range/selection	Factory setting
Relay	Relay selection	system dependent	system dependent
Thermostat a	Thermostat a	Yes, No	No
Th-a on	Switch-on temperature Thermostat a	-40 250 °C [-70 482 °F]	40°C [70°F]
Th-a off	Switch-off temperature Thermostat a	-40 250 °C [-70 482 °F]	45 °C [112 °F]
Sensor	Sensor thermostat a	system dependent	system dependent
Thermostat b	Thermostat b	Yes, No	No
Th-b on	Switch-on temperature Thermostat b	-40 250 °C [-70 482 °F]	70°F
Th-b off	Switch-off temperature Thermostat b	-40 250 °C [-70 482 °F]	112°F
Sensor	Sensor thermostat b	system dependent	system dependent
ΔT function	Differential function	Yes, No	No
ΔTon	Switch-on temperature difference	1.0 50.0 K [2.0 100.0 °Ra]	10.0 K [20.0 °Ra]
ΔToff	Switch-off temperature difference	0.5 49.5 K [1.0 99.0 °Ra]	6.0 K [12.0 °Ra]
ΔTset	Set temperature difference	3 100 K [6 200 °Ra]	20 K [40.0 °Ra]
Min. speed	Minimum speed	30100 %	30 %
Sen. Source	Heat source sensor	system dependent	system dependent
Sen. Sink	Heat sink sensor	system dependent	system dependent
Timer	Timer	-	-
Days of the week	Day selection	All days, Monday Sunday, Continue	-
Timer	Time frame adjustment	00:0023:45	-
Funct.	Activation / Deactivation	Activ., Deactivated	Deactivated

Arrangement/Opt. functions/Add new function.../Function block

Irradiation switch

Irrad. switch	۱
🕨 Relay	R3
Irrad.	200 W/m²
Duration	2 min

Arrangement/Opt. functions/Add new function ... / Irradiation switch

The **Irrad. switch** function can be used for operating a relay depending on the measured irradiation value. The allocated relay is switched on if the adjusted irradiation value remains exceeded for the adjusted duration. If the irradiation falls below the adjusted value for the adjusted duration, the relay is switched off.

If the **Inverted** option is activated, the relay operates vice versa.

Adjustment channel	Description	Adjustment range/selection	Factory setting
Relay	Relay selection	system dependent	system dependent
Irrad.	Switch-on irradiation	$50 \dots 1000 W/m^2$	200 W / m ²
Duration	Switch-on duration	0 30 min	2 min
Inverted	Inverted switching option	Yes, No	No
Funct.	Activation/Deactivation	Activ., Deactivated	Deactivated

10 Heating

Heating Demands HCs Opt. functions In this menu, all adjustments for the heating part of the arrangement or for the heating circuits respectively can be made.

Demands can be activated, heating circuits can be parameterized and optional functions can be selected and adjusted.

10.1 Demands

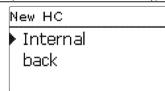
Heating / De	emands
Dem. 1	Activated
Relay	R2
Dem.2D)eactivated

Heating/Demands

Adjustment channel	Description	Adjustment range/selection	Factory setting
Demand 1 (2)	Demand 1 (2)	Activ., Deactivated	Deactivated
Relay	Relay selection	system dependent	system dependent

10.2 Heating circuits

(with EM Extension Modules only)



The controller is able to control 2 external, weathercompensated heating circuits by means of extension modules.

If one or more extension modules are connected, they have to be registered with the controller. Only registered modules are available in the heating circuit selection.

In the menu appearing when **New heating circuit** is selected, it is possible to choose between registered modules.

Extension modules can be registered in the In-/Outputs/Modules menu (see page 67). If an internal or external heating circuit has been selected, a new menu opens. In this menu, all sensors and relays required for the heating circuit can be allocated, and all adjustments can be made.

The controller calculates the set flow temperature for each heating circuit by means of the outdoor temperature and the selected heating curve. If the measured flow temperature deviates from the set flow temperature, the mixer is activated in order to adjust the flow temperature correspondingly.

If the outdoor temperature falls below the point where the calculated set flow temperature would exceed the maximum flow temperature, the maximum flow temperature is treated as the set temperature for as long as the condition remains.

If the outdoor temperature sensor is defective, an error message is indicated. For the duration of this condition, the maximum flow temperature -5 K [-10 $^{\circ}$ Ra] is assumed as set flow temperature.

In this menu, up to 2 heating demands can be activated and adjusted.

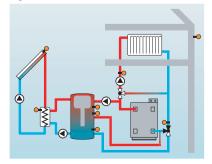
Activated demands will be available for selection in the relay allocation channels of the corresponding optional functions. This way, several optional functions can demand the same heat source.

If, for example the dry contact relay R5 is allocated to **Demand 1**, the selection **AH-Dem.1** will then become available in addition to the free relays in the adjustment channels **Demand** of the optional functions for the heating part of the arrangement (see page 59). This way, e. g. the DHW heating function can demand the same boiler for backup heating as the thermal disinfection function.

With the timer, the day/night operation can be adjusted. During day phases, the set flow temperature is increased by the adjusted day correction value, during night phases it is decreased by the night correction value (night setback).

Summer mode

The Mode channel adjustment determines how the heating circuit is set to summer mode:



Summer off: The summer mode becomes active when the outdoor temperature exceeds the adjusted summer temperature TSummer.

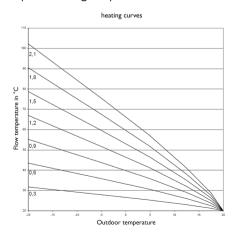
Ext. switch: A switch is connected to a selected sensor input. If the switch is operated, the heating circuit is set to summer mode regardless of the outdoor temperature.

Both: As long as the switch is not operated, summer mode control works as described for Summer off. Summer mode is activated regardless of the outdoor temperature when the switch is operated.

Summer temperature

If **Summer off** or **Both** has been selected in the **Mode** channel, the summer temperature **TSummer** can be adjusted. If the outdoor temperature exceeds the value adjusted in TSummer, the heating circuit pump is switched off.

For the summer temperature, a daytime time frame can be adjusted with the channels **Daytime on** and **Daytime off**. Outside this time frame, the adjustable temperature **TNight** replaces **TSummer**.



With the **Room thermostat** option, up to 5 room thermostats can be integrated into the control logic. To each room thermostat, a sensor input can be allocated. The temperature at the allocated sensor is monitored. If the measured temperature exceeds the adjusted Room temperature value at all activated room thermostats, the heating circuit pump is deactivated and the mixer remains in its current position. Common room thermostats with potential-free outputs can be used alternatively. In this case, Switch must be adjusted in the **Type** channel. Before adjusting the type, the corresponding input must also be set to **Switch** in the Inputs/Outputs menu (see main controller manual). Only inputs set to Switch will be displayed in the Sen. RTH channel as possible inputs for a switch type room thermostat.

If the **Timer RTH** option is activated, time frames can be set for the room thermostats (for information on how to adjust the timer see below). During these time frames, the adjusted room temperature is decreased by the **Correction** value.

To each room thermostat, an additional relay can be allocated. That relay will operate when the temperature at the allocated sensor falls below the adjusted room temperature. This way, the room in question can be excluded from the heating circuit via a valve as long as the desired room temperature is reached.

In the channel **RTH**, the room thermostat can be temporarily deactivated or re-activated respectively. All adjustments remain stored.

When the **Timer** option is activated, a timer is indicated in which time frames for the function can be adjusted.

First of all, an overview of the current adjustments is displayed. For each day of the week there is an overview display. The display can be switched back and forth between the different days by pressing buttons $\boxed{2}$ or $\underbrace{4}$.

In order to adjust the timer, press button (5). First the individual days of the week or all days of the week can be selected. The last menu item after the list of days is **Continue**. If **Continue** is selected, the **Edit timer** menu opens, in which the time frames can be adjusted.

The time frames can be adjusted in steps of 15 minutes. The cursor can be moved along the time line by pressing buttons 2 or 4. The beginning of a time frame can be determined by pressing button 1. The end of a time frame can be determined by pressing button 3.

00:00	03:00	06:00	09:00
11111			
12:00	15:00	18:00	21:00

Weekdays
All days
🗆 Monday
□Tuesday

Edit timer

12:00 15:00 18:00 21:00

Heating/Heating circuits/New heating circuit/Internal

Adjustment channel	Description	Adjustment range/selection	Factory setting
HC pump	Heating circuit pump	system dependent	system dependent
Mixer open	Relay selection mixer open	system dependent	system dependent
Mixer closed	Relay selection mixer closed	system dependent	system dependent
Flow sensor	Flow sensor selection	system dependent	system dependent
Sen. Outd.	Outdoor sensor selection	system dependent	system dependent
Heating curve	Heating curve	0.3 3.0	1.0
Day correction	Day correction	-5 +45 K [-10 +90 °Ra]	0 K [0°Ra]
Tflowmax	Maximum flow temperature	10 100°C [50 212°F]	50 °C [122 °F]
Mode	Operation mode	Summer off, Ext. switch, both	Summer off
TSummer	Summer temperature day	0 40°C [0 70°F]	20 °C [68 °F]
Daytime on	Daytime on	00:00 23:45	00:00
Daytime off	Daytime off	00:00 23:45	00:00
Tnight	Summer temperature night	0 40 °C [0 70 °F]	14°C [57°F]
Ext. switch	External switch sensor input selec- tion	system dependent	system dependent
Remote control	Remote control option	Yes, No	No
Sen. Rem.control	Remote control sensor input selection	system dependent	system dependent
Timer	Timer option	Yes, No	No
Mode	Timer mode	Day/Night, Day/Off	Day/Night
Night corr.	Night correction	-20 +30 K [-40 +60 °Ra]	-5 K [-10°Ra]
Timer	Timer	-	-
Days of the week	Day selection	All days, Monday Sunday, Continue	-
Timer	Time frame adjustment	00:00 23:45	-
Room therm. 1 5	Room thermostat option (15)	Yes, No	No
Туре	Room thermostat type selection	Sensor, Switch	Sensor
Sen. RTH	RTH sensor input selection	system dependent	system dependent
Troom	Room temperature	10 30 °C [50 86 °F]	18°C [64°F]
Timer	RTH timer	Yes, No, Inactive	No

Adjustment channel	Description	Adjustment range/selection	Factory setting
Days of the week	Day selection	All days, Monday Sunday, Continue	-
Timer	Time frame adjustment	00:00 23:45	-
Correction	Correction	120 K [240 °Ra]	5K [10°Ra]
Relay	RTH relay selection	system dependent	system dependent
RTH	Room thermostat	Activ., Deactivated	Deactivated
Afterheating	Backup heating option	Yes, No	No
Mode	Backup heating mode	Therm., Boiler	Therm.
Relay	Backup heating relay selection	system dependent	system dependent
Sensor 1	Backup heating sensor 1 selection	system dependent	system dependent
Sensor 2	Backup heating sensor 2 selection	system dependent	system dependent
Loading pump	Loading pump option	Yes, No	No
Relay	Loading pump relay selection	system dependent	system dependent
Overrun time	Loading pump overrun time	0 300 s	60 s
Activ.	Activation / Deactivation	Activ., Deactivated	Deactivated
ΔTon	Switch-on temperature difference	-15.0+44.5 K [-30.0+89.0 °Ra]	+5.0 K [+10.0°Ra]
ΔToff	Switch-off temperature difference	-14.5+45.0 K [-19.0+90.0 °Ra]	+15.0 K [+30.0 °Ra]
Function	Function activated/deactivated	Activ., Deactivated	Deactivated
Interval	Mixer interval	1 20 s	4 s
Chimney sweeper	Chimney sweeper function	Yes, No	No
Frost protection	Antifreeze option	Yes, No	Yes
Sensor	Antifreeze option sensor	Flow, Outdoor	Flow
Antifr. temp.	Antifreeze temperature	-20 +10 °C [-68 +50 °F]	+4°C [+39°F]
Flow set	Set flow temperature	10 50°C [50 122°F]	20°C [68°F]
DHW priority	DHW priority option	Yes, No	No
Funct.	Activation / Deactivation	Activ., Deactivated	Deactivated

Chimney sweeper function

The chimney sweeper function can be used for enabling a quick access to measurement conditions without menu operation for the chimney sweeper.

If the chimney sweeper function is activated, the chimney sweeper mode can be accessed by pressing button (6) for 5 seconds.

In the chimney sweeper mode, the heating circuit mixer opens, the heating circuit pump and the backup heating contact are activated. While the chimney sweeper mode is active, the directional pad is illuminated. Additionally, **Chimney sweeper** and a countdown of 30 minutes are indicated on the display.

When the countdown has elapsed, the chimney sweeper mode is automatically deactivated. If, during the countdown, button 6 is again pressed for more than 10 seconds, the countdown starts again.

In order to abort the countdown and thus deactivate the chimney sweeper mode, briefly press button $\underbrace{6}$.

Antifreeze option

The antifreeze option of the heating circuit can be used to temporarily activate an inactive heating circuit during sudden temperature drops in order to protect it from frost damage.

When the antifreeze option is activated, the temperature at the allocated sensor is monitored. If the temperatur falls below the adjusted **antifreeze temperature**, the heating circuit is activated for the non-adjustable runtime of 30 min. Antifreeze operation has its own set flow temperature which can be changed in the **Flow set** channel.

10.3 Optional functions

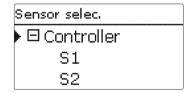
Add new function Th. Disinfection DHW heating hack

In this menu, additional functions can be selected and adjusted for the heating part of the arrangement. By selecting **Add new function...**, different pre-programmed functions can be selected. The optional functions are available as long as free relays are available.

Th. Disinfection Demand 0H-Dem1 □ Circulation pump Sensor

When a function is selected, a submenu opens in which all adjustments required can be made.

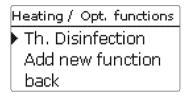
With this submenu, a relay and, if necessary, certain system components can be allocated to the function.



The menu item **Demand** is available in all optional heating functions. Therefore, it will not be explained in the individual function descriptions.

With this menu item, an backup heating demand relay can be allocated to the function. All free relays are available for selection.

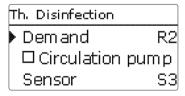
In the submenu **Controller**, all free relays of the controller are displayed. If external modules are connected and registered, their relays will be displayed in corresponding submenus.



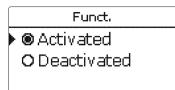
When a function has been selected and adjusted, it will appear in the **Opt. functions** above the menu item **Add new function...**

This allows an easy overview of functions already activated.

An overview about which sensor has been allocated to which component and which relay has been allocated to which function is given in the **Status/Service** menu.



At the end of each optional function submenu, the menu items **Function** and **Delete function** are available.

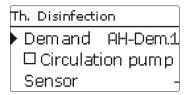


With the menu item **Function**, an optional function already selected can be temporarily deactivated or reactivated respectively. All adjustments remain stored, the allocated relays remain occupied and cannot be allocated to another function.

Parallel relay	
Reset?	No

If the menu item **Delete function** is confirmed by pressing button (5), a security inquiry appears. The setting can be changed between **Yes** and **No** by pressing buttons (2) and (4). If **Yes** has been selected and confirmed by pressing button (5), the function is deleted and available under **Add new function...** again. The corresponding relays are available again.

Thermal disinfection



This function helps to contain the spread of Legionella in DHW tanks by systematically activating the backup heating.

For thermal disinfection, the temperature at the allocated sensor has to be monitored. This protection is ensured when, during the monitoring period, the disinfection temperature is continuously exceeded for the entire disinfection period.

If the thermal disinfection function is activated, the monitoring period starts as soon as the temperature at the allocated sensor falls below the disinfection temperature. When the monitoring period ends, the allocated reference relay activates the backup heating. The disinfection period starts to count as soon as the temperature at the allocated sensor exceeds the disinfection temperature.

If the temperature at the allocated sensor exceeds the disinfection temperature by more than 5 K [10°Ra], the reference relay switches off until the temperature has fallen below a value of 2 K [4°Ra], above the disinfection temperature.

Thermal disinfection can only be completed when the disinfection temperature is exceeded for the duration of the disinfection period without interruption.

If the disinfection conditions have been fulfilled by solar loading before the monitoring period ends, thermal disinfection is considered complete and a new monitoring period begins. Due to the flexible control logic, the exact time of thermal disinfection is not predictable. In order to set a fixed time for the disinfection to be run, the starting delay must be used:

Th. Disinfection	
🕨 🛛 Start. time	
Start. time	20:00
Hyst. off	10 °R

If the starting delay option **Starting time** is activated, a starting time for the thermal disinfection with starting delay can be adjusted. The activation of the backup heating is then delayed until that starting time after the monitoring period has ended.

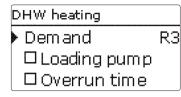
If the monitoring period ends, for example, at 12:00 o'clock, and the starting time has been set to 18:00, the reference relay will be energized with a delay of 6 hours at 18:00 instead of 12:00 o'clock.

If, during the waiting time, the disinfection conditions are fulfilled by solar loading, thermal disinfection is considered complete and a new monitoring period begins.

Heating/Opt. functions/Add new function.../Th. disinfection

Adjustment channel	Description	Adjustment range/selection	Factory setting
Demand	Demand relay selection	system dependent	system dependent
Circulation pump	Circulation pump option	Yes, No	No
Relay	Circulation pump relay selection	system dependent	system dependent
Sensor	Disinfection sensor selection	system dependent	system dependent
Monit.	Monitoring period	0 30:1 23 (dd:hh)	01:00 (1 day)
Temperature	Disinfection temperature	45 90 °C [114 194 °F]	60°C [140°F]
Duration	Disinfection period	0.5 24.0 h	1 h
Start. time	Starting delay option	Yes, No	No
Start. time	Starting point	00:0023:30	20:00
Function	Activation / Deactivation	Activ., Deactivated	Deactivated

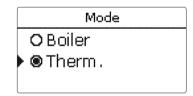
DHW heating



The DHW heating is used to demand an backup heating for heating the DHW tank.

If the **Loading pump** option is activated, another adjustment channel appears, in which a relay can be allocated to the loading pump. The allocated relay is switched on and off with the demand relay.

If the **Overrun time** option is activated, another adjustment channel appears, in which the overrun time can be adjusted. If the overrun time option is activated, the loading pump relay remains switched on for the adjusted **Duration** after the demand relay has been switched off.

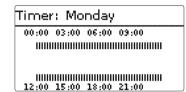


For the DHW heating, different modes are available: **Thermal** mode:

The allocated demand relay is switched on when the temperature at the allocated sensor 1 falls below the adjusted switch-on temperature. If the temperature at the allocated sensor 1 exceeds the adjusted switch-off temperature, the relay is switched off.

Boiler mode:

If the Boiler mode has been selected, another sensor can be allocated in the channel Sensor 2. The switchon, or the switch-off conditions respectively, then have to be fulfilled at both sensors in order for the relay to be energized.



When the **Timer** option is activated, a timer is indicated in which time frames for the function can be adjusted.

First of all, an overview of the current adjustment is displayed. For each day of the week there is an overview display. The display can be switched back and forth between the different days by pressing buttons $\boxed{2}$ or 4.

In order to adjust the timer, press button (5).

First the individual days of the week or all days of the week can be selected. The last menu item after the list of days is **Continue**. If **Continue** is selected, the **Edit timer** menu opens, in which the time frames can be adjusted.

The time frames can be adjusted in steps of 15 minutes. The cursor can be moved along the time line by pressing buttons 2 or 4. The beginning of a time frame can be determined by pressing button 1. The end of a time frame can be determined by pressing button $\sqrt[3]{3}$.

Edit timer 00:00 03:00 06:00 09:00 00:00

Heating/Opt. functions/Add new function ... / DHW heating

adjustment channel	Description	Adjustment range/selection	Factory setting
Demand	Demand relay selection	system dependent	system dependent
Loading pump	Loading pump option	Yes, No	No
Relay	Loading pump relay selection	system dependent	system dependent
Overrun time	Overrun option	Yes, No	No
Duration	Overrun time	1 10 min	1 min
Mode	Operating mode	Boiler, Therm.	Therm.
Sensor 1	Sensor 1	system dependent	system dependent
Sensor 2	Sensor 2 (only if Mode = Boiler)	system dependent	system dependent
Ton	Switch-on temperature	0 94 °C [32 202 °F]	40 °C [104 °F]
Toff	Switch-off temperature	1 95 °C [34 204 °F]	45 °C [114 °F]
Timer	Timer option Yes, No		No
Timer	Timer	-	-
Days of the week	Day selection	All days, Monday Sunday, Continue	-
Timer	Time frame adjustment	00:00 23:45	-
Funct.	Activation / Deactivation	Activ., Deactivated	Deactivated

HOM 11

-	
НОМ	
▶ new HQM back	

In the **HQM** menu, 2 internal energy meterings can be activated and adjusted.

By selecting the menu item **New HQM**, a new energy metering can be activated.

НОМ	
Flow sen.	S3
Return sen.	S4
☐ Flow rate sen.	

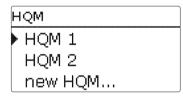
A menu opens in which all adjustments required for the energy metering can be made.

If the **Flow rate sensor** option is activated, the impulse input or, if available, a Grundfos Direct SensorTM can be selected. Grundfos Direct SensorsTM are only available if they have been previously registered in the In-/Outputs menu. The impulse rate must be adjusted in that menu as well.

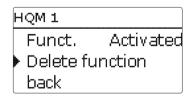
If the **Flow rate sensor** option is deactivated, the controller calculates the heat quantity by means of a fixed flow rate value. This is called heat quantity balancing. For this purpose, the flow rate must be read from the flowmeter at 100 % pump speed and adjusted in the adjustment channel **Flow rate**. In addition to that, a **Relay** must be allocated. Heat quantity balancing is in effect whenever the allocated relay is active.

In the adjustment channel **Fluid type**, the heat transfer fluid must be selected. If either Propylene glycol or Ethylene glycol is selected, the adjustment channel **Ratio** is indicated in which the antifreeze ratio of the heat transfer fluid can be adjusted.

When the **Alternative unit** is activated, the controller will convert the heat quantity into the quantity of fossil fuels (coal, oil or gas) saved, or the CO_2 emission saved respectively. The alternative **Unit** can be selected. A conversion **Factor** must be adjusted for the calculation. The conversion factor depends on the arrangement in use and has to be determined individually.



Energy meterings already activated will appear in the **HQM** menu above the menu item **New HQM** in numerical order.



If an activated energy metering is selected, the above mentioned menu with all adjustment values will reopen.

To deactivate a energy metering, select the menu item **Delete function** at the bottom of the menu.

The energy metering deleted will disappear from the

list and become available for selection in the **New HQM** menu again. The numeration of the other activated energy meterings will not change.

HQM/New HQM

Adjustment channel	tment channel Description Adjustment ran		Factory setting
Flow sen.	Flow sensor selection	system dependent	system dependent
Return sen.	Return sensor selection	system dependent	system dependent
Flow rate sen.	Flow rate sensor option	Yes, No	No
Flow rate sen.	Flow rate sensor selection	Imp1, Gd1, Gd2	-
Flow rate	Flow rate (only if Flow rate sen.=No)	1.0 500.0 l/min	3.0 l/min
Relay	Relay selection	system dependent	system dependent
Fluid type	Heat transfer fluid	Tyfocor LS, Propyl., Ethyl., Water	Water
Ratio	Glycol ratio in the heat transfer fluid (only if Fluid type = Propylene glycol or Ethylene glycol)	5100 %	40 %
Alternative unit	ernative unit Alternative unit option Yes, No		No
Unit	Alternative display unit Coal, Gas, Oil, CO ₂		CO,
Factor	Conversion factor	0.01 100.00	0.50
Funct.	unct. Activation / Deactivation Activ., I		Deactivated

63

12 Basic settings

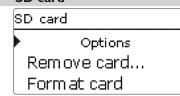
Basic sett	ings :	
🕨 Langu	age	English
⊠Auto	DST	-
Date	17.	11.2010

Basic settings

In the **Basic settings** menu, all basic parameters for the controller can be adjusted. Normally, these settings have been made during commissioning. They can be subsequently changed in this menu.

Adjustment channel	Description	Adjustment range/selection	Factory setting
Language	Selection of the menu language	Deutsch, English, Francais	Deutsch
Auto DST	Daylight savings time selection	Yes, No	Yes
Date	Adjustment of the current date	01.01.2001 31.12.2099	01.01.2010
Time	Adjustment of the current time	00:00 23:59	-
Temp. Unit	Temperature unit	°C,°F	°F
Vol. unit	Unit of volume	Gallons, Litre	Litre
Press. unit	Unit of pressure	psi, bar	bar
Energy unit	Energy unit	Wh, BTU	Wh
Factory setting	back to factory settings	Yes, No	No

13 SD card



The controller is equipped with an SD card slot for SD memory cards.

The following functions can be carried out with an SD card:

- Logging measurement and balance values. The values can be opened and visualized on a computer, e.
 g. in a spreadsheet.
- Storing adjustments and parameterizations onto the SD card and restoring them if necessary.
- Run firmware updates onto the controller.

Firmware updates

When an SD card with a firmware update is inserted, the inquiry **Update?** is indicated on the display. The setting can be changed between **Yes** and **No** by pressing buttons 2 and 4.

➔ To run the update, select Yes and confirm by pressing button (5).

The update is run automatically. The indication **Please wait** and a progress bar appear on the display. When the update has been completed, the controller will automatically reboot and run a short initialization phase.

→ To skip the update, select No.

The controller commences normal operation.

Note:



The controller will only find a firmware update on an SD memory card when it is stored in a folder named "RESOL" on the first level of the SD card.

➔ Create a folder named "RESOL" on the SD memory card and extract the downloaded ZIP-file into that folder.

Starting the logging

- ➔ Insert the SD card into the slot
- ➔ Adjust the desired logging type and interval Logging will start immediately.

Stop the logging

- → Select the menu item **Remove card...**
- ➔ After Remove card is displayed, remove the card from the slot

When **Linear** is adjusted in the adjustment channel **Logging type**, data logging will stop if the capacity limit is reached. The message **Card full** will be displayed.

If **Cyclic** is adjusted, the oldest data logged onto the SD card will be overwritten as soon as the capacity limit is reached.

i

Note:

Because of the increasing size of the data packets, the remaining logging time does not decrease linearly. The data packet size can increase, e. g. with the increasing operating hours value.

Storing controller adjustments

To tank the controller adjustments on an SD card, select the menu item Save adjustments.

While the adjustments are being stored, first **Please wait**, then **Done!** will be indicated on the display. The controller adjustments are stored as a .SET file on the SD card.

Loading controller adjustments

➔ To load controller adjustments from an SD card, select the menu item Load adjustments.

The File selection window is indicated.

➔ Select the desired .SET file.

While the adjustments are being loaded, first **Please** wait, then **Done!** will be indicated on the display.

Formatting the SD card

→ Select the menu item Format card

The content of the card will be deleted and the card will be formatted with the FAT file system.

SD card

Adjustment channel	Description	Adjustment range/selection	Factory setting	
Remove card	Safely remove card	-	-	
Save adjustments	Save adjustments	-	-	
Load adjustments	Load adjustments	-	-	
Logging interval	Logging interval	00:01 20:00 (mm:ss)	01:00	
Logging type	Logging type	Cyclic, Linear	Linear	
Format card	Format card	-	-	



To safely remove the SD card, always select the menu item **Remove card...** before removing the card.

14 Manual mode

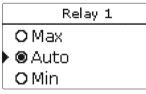
Manual mode				
Contro	ller			
🕨 Relay 1	Auto			
Relay 2	Auto			

In the **Manual mode** menu, the operating mode of all relays in the controller and in connected modules can be adjusted.

All relays are displayed in numerical order, first those of the controller, then those of the individual modules connected. Modules are listed in numerical order.

Under the menu item **All relays...,** all relays can be switched off (Off) or set to automatic mode (Auto) at once.

- Off = Relay is switched off (manual mode)
- Auto = Relay is in automatic mode



The operating mode can be selected for each individual relay, too. The following options are available:

- Off = Relay is switched off (manual mode)
- Min. = Relay active with minimum speed (manual mode)
- Max. = Relay active at 100 % speed (manual mode)
- Auto = Relay is in automatic mode



Always adjust the operating mode back to **Auto** when the control and service work is completed. Otherwise normal operation will not be possible.

Manual mode

Adjustment channel	Description	Adjustment range/selection	Factory setting
Relays R1 X	Operating mode selection	Max, Auto, Min, Off	Auto
All relays	Operating mode selection for all relays	Auto, Off	Off

15 User code

Us	er	coc	le:			
			0	00	0	
			Ŭ A	00	U	

In the **User code** menu, a user code can be entered. Each number of the 4-digit code must be individually adjusted and confirmed. After the last digit has been confirmed, the menu automatically jumps to the superior menu level.

To access the menu areas of the expert level, the expert user code must be entered:

Expert user code: 0262

For safety reasons, the user code should generally be set to the customer code before the controller is handed to the customer!

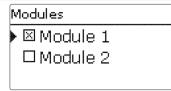
Customer user code: 0000

16 In-/Outputs

In-/Outputs	
Modules	
Inputs	
Outputs	

In the **In-/Outputs** menu, external modules can be registered, sensor offsets can be adjusted and relay outputs can be configured.

16.1 Modules



In this menu, up to 2 external modules can be registered.

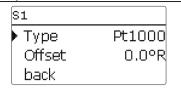
All modules connected and acknowledged by the controller are available.

→ To register a module, select the corresponding menu item by pressing button (5)

The checkbox indicates the selection. If a module is registered, all its sensor inputs and relay outputs will be available in the corresponding controller menus.

In-/Outputs/Modules

Adjustment channel	Description	Adjustment range/selection	Factory setting
Module 12	Registering external modules	-	-



In this submenu, the type of the sensor connected can be adjusted for each individual input. The following types can be selected:

- Switch
- KTY
- Pt500
- RTA11-M
- Pt1000
- None

ATTENTION! System damage!



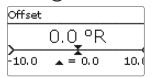
en

Selecting the wrong sensor type will lead to unwanted controller actions. In the worst case, system damage can occur!

→ Make sure that the right sensor type is selected!

If KTY, Pt500 or Pt1000 are selected, the channel Offset appears, in which an individual offset can be adjusted for each sensor.

→ In order to select a sensor for the offset adjustment, select the corresponding menu item by pressing button (5)



→ To adjust the sensor offset, select the desired value by pressing buttons 2 or 4, then confirm by pressing button 5

In-/Outputs/Inputs

Adjustment channel	Description	Adjustment range/selection	Factory setting
S1 S12	Sensor input selection	-	-
Туре	Selecting the sensor type	Switch, KTY, Pt500, RTA11-M, Pt1000, None	Pt1000
Offset	Sensor offset	-15.0 +15.0 K [-30.0 +30.0 °Ra]	0.0 K [0.0 °Ra]
Imp. 1 3	Impulse input selection	-	-
Туре	Selecting the sensor type	Impulse, Switch, KTY, Pt500, RTA11-M, Pt1000, None	Impulse
Vol./Imp.	Impulse rate	0.1100.0	1.0
CS10	CS10 input	-	-
Туре	CS type	AK	E
Offset	Delete offset	Yes, No	No
Gd1, 2	Digital Grundfos Direct SensorTM	-	-
Туре	Grundfos Direct Sensor [™] type	RPD,VFD, None	None
	if Type = VFD: Measuring range selection	10 - 200 l/min, 5 - 100 l/min, 2 - 40 l/ min, 2 - 40 l/min (fast), 1 - 20 l/min, 1 - 12 l/min*	1 - 12 l/min

* For the Inputs Gd1 and Gd2, the following sensor combinations are possible:

- 1 x RPD, 1 x VFD

- 2 x VFD, but with different measuring ranges only

CS sensor offset

If a CS10 irradiation sensor is to be connected, an offset has to be carried out before the connection is made.

To carry out the offset, proceed as follows:

- ➔ Adjust the CS type in the Type channel
- ➔ Select the Offset channel
- ➔ Confirm the reset inquiry with Yes
- ➔ Select back to return to the Inputs menu, then connect the CS sensor



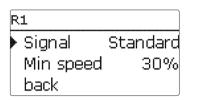
Note:

When Grundfos Direct SensorsTM are used, the sensor ground common terminal block must be connected to PE (see controller manual).

Outputs	
▶ R1	>>
R2	>>
R3	>>

In this menu, the signal type and the minimum speed can be adjusted for each individual relay of the controller and the external modules.

➔ In order to make adjustments for a relay, select the corresponding menu item by pressing button (5).



For each relay, the signal type and the minimum pump speed can be adjusted.

The signal type determines the way speed control of a connected pump is effected. The following modes are available:

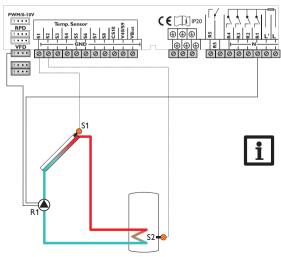
- Adapter = speed control signal via a VBus®/PWM interface adapter
- 0-10 V = speed control via a 0-10 V signal
- PWM = speed control via a PWM signal
- Standard = pulse packet speed control (factory setting)

With the signal types Adapter, 0-10 V and PWM, the relay itself is not involved in speed control. A separate connection for the corresponding signal will have to be made (see figure).

If **PWM** is selected, the channels **Output** and **Profile** appear. In the Output channel, one of the 2 PWM outputs can be selected. In the Profile channel, a PWM characteristic curve corresponding with the pump in use can be selected (see page 70). In order to reduce the number of switching processes for high-efficiency pumps, the controller is equipped with a relay overrun function that automatically comes into effect when the speed control signal is not issued by the relay itself. The corresponding relay will then remain switched on for an hour after the switchoff conditions are fulfilled.

In-/Outputs/Outputs

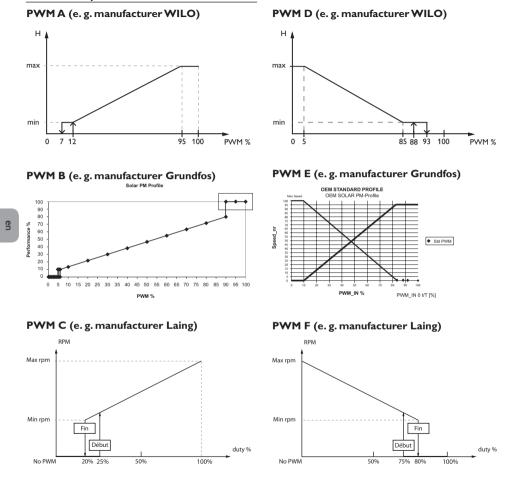
Adjustment channel	Description	Adjustment range/selection	Factory setting
R1R5	Relay output selection	-	-
Signal	Signal type	Adapter, 0-10 V, PWM, Standard	Standard
Output	PWM output selection	7,8	-
Profile	PWM characteristic curve	A,B,C,D,E,F	А
Min speed	Minimum speed	(20) 30 100 %	30 %



Note:

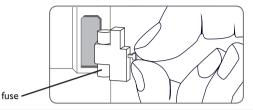
If the signal type PWM is selected for an output, the adjustment range for the minimum speed of the corresponding output changes to 20...100 %.

If the PWM profile is set to C, minimum speed must be set to at least 25 % according to the pump manufacturer.



17 Troubleshooting

If a malfunction occurs, a message will appear on the display of the controller.



Directional pad flashes red.

Sensor fault. The error code **!Sensor fault** is displayed instead of a temperature on the sensor display channel.

Short circuit or line break Disconnected temperature sensors can be checked with an ohmmeter. Please check the resistance values corresponding with the table.

°C	°F	Ω Pt500	Ω Pt1000	Ω κτγ	°C	°F	Ω Pt500	Ω Pt1000	Ω κτγ
-10	14	481	961	1499	55	131	607	1213	2502
-5	23	490	980	1565	60	140	616	1232	2592
0	32	500	1000	1633	65	149	626	1252	2684
5	41	510	1019	1702	70	158	636	1271	2778
10	50	520	1039	1774	75	167	645	1290	2874
15	59	529	1058	1847	80	176	655	1309	2971
20	68	539	1078	1922	85	185	664	1328	3071
25	77	549	1097	2000	90	194	634	1347	3172
30	86	559	1117	2079	95	203	683	1366	3275
35	95	568	1136	2159	100	212	693	1385	3380
40	104	578	1155	2242	105	221	702	1404	3484
45	113	588	1175	2327	110	230	712	1423	3590
50	122	597	1194	2413	115	239	721	1442	3695

WARNING! Electric shock!

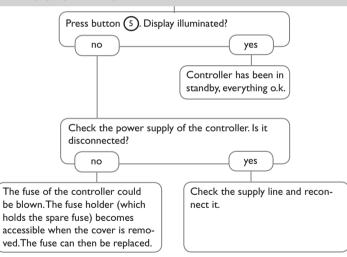


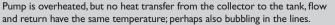
Upon opening the housing, live parts are exposed.

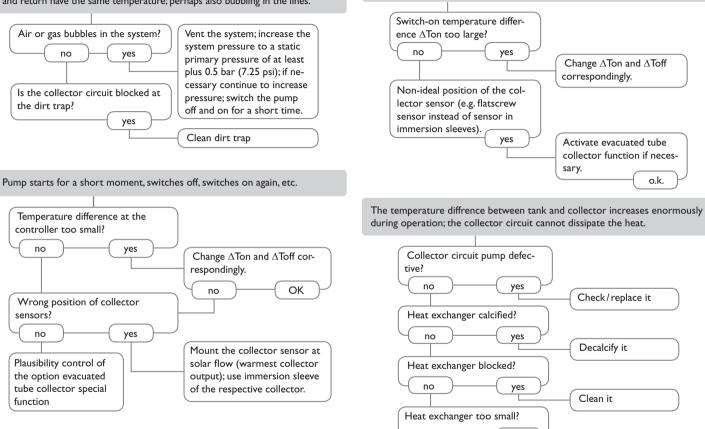
→ Always disconnect the controller from power supply before opening the housing!

The controller is protected by a fuse. The fuse holder (which also holds the spare fuse) becomes accessible when the cover is removed. To replace the fuse, pull the fuse holder from the bottom.

The display is permanently off.







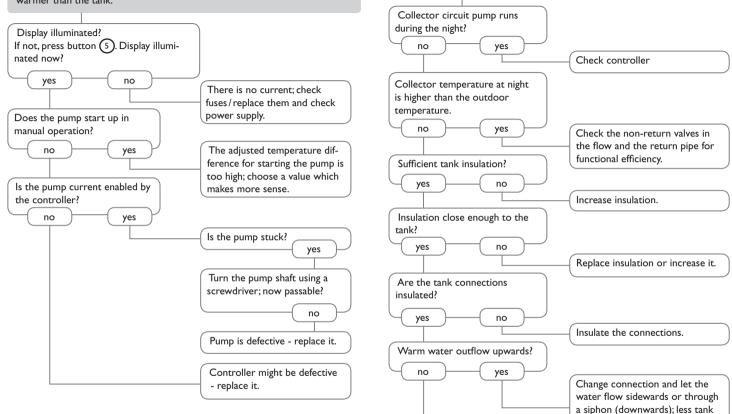
Pump starts up very late.

yes

Replace with correctly

sized one.

The solar circuit pump does not work, although the collector is considerably warmer than the tank.



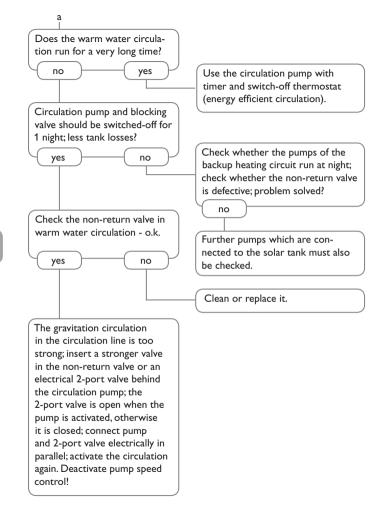
а

Tanks cool down at night.

yes

o.k.

losses now?



18.1 Sensors and measuring instruments



Temperature sensors

The product range includes high-precision platinum temperature sensors, flatscrew sensors, outdoor temperature sensors, indoor temperature sensors, cylindrical clip-on sensors, also as complete sensors with immersion sleeve.



Grundfos Direct Sensor[™] RPD and VFD

The RPD Grundfos Direct SensorTM is a sensor for measuring the temperature and the pressure. The VFD Grundfos Direct SensorTM is a sensor for measuring the temperature and the flow rate.



Overvoltage protection device

In order to avoid overvoltage damage at collector sensors (e.g. caused by local lightning storms), we recommend the overvoltage protection SP10.



V40 flowmeter

The V40 is a measuring instrument for detecting the flow of water or water/glycol mixtures. After a specific volume has passed, the V40 reed switch sends an impulse to the calorimeter. The heat quantity used is calculated by the calorimeter using these impulses and the measured temperature difference with the help of pre-defined parameters (glycol type, concentration, heat capacity, etc.).

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Smart Display SD3 / Large Display GA3

The Smart Display is designed for simple connection to controllers with VBus[®]. It is used for visualizing data issued by the controller: collector temperature, tank temperature and energy yield of the solar thermal system. The use of high-efficiency LEDs and filter glass assures a high optical brilliance and good readability. An additional power supply is not required. One module is required per controller.

The GA3 is a completely mounted large display module for visualization of collector- and tank temperatures as well as the heat quantity yield of the solar system via one 6-digit and two 4-digit 7-segment-displays. An easy connection to all controllers with VBus[®] is possible. The front plate is made of antire-flective filterglass and is printed with a light-resistant UV-lacquering. The universal VBus[®] allows the parallel connection of 8 large displays as well as additional VBus[®] modules.



AM1 Alarm module

The AM1 Alarm module is designed to signal system failures. It is to be connected to the VBus® of the controller and issues an optical signal via the red LED if a failure has occurred. The AM1 also has a dry contact relay output, which can e. g. be connected to a building management system (BMS). Thus, a collective error message can be issued in the case of a system failure. Depending on the controller and the sensors connected, different fault conditions can be signaled, e. g. sensor failures, excess or negative system pressure as well as errors in the flow rate, such as a dry run of the pump.

The AM1 Alarm module ensures that occurring failures can be immediately recognised and repaired, even if the system and the controller are difficult to access or located in a remote place. Thus, the reliability and the stable yield of the system are ensured.



DL2 Datalogger

This additional module enables the acquisition and storage of large amounts of data (such as measuring and balance values of the solar system) over a long period of time. The DL2 can be configured and readout with a standard internet browser via its integrated Web interface. For transmission of the data stored in the internal memory of the DL2 to a PC, an SD card can be used. The DL2 is appropriate for all controllers with VBus[®]. It can be connected directly to a PC or router for remote access and thus enables comfortable system monitoring for yield monitoring or for diagnostics of faults.



DL3 Datalogger

Be it solar thermal, heating or DHW heat exchange controllers – with the DL3, you can easily and conveniently log system data of up to 6 controllers. Get a comprehensive overview of all controllers connected with the large full graphic display. Transfer data with an SD memory card or use the LAN interface to view and process data on your PC.

	51 32. 52 43.	EM
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-		
9	-	

EM Extension Module

The EM Extension Module provides 5 additional relays and 6 additional sensor inputs for the DeltaSol $^{\otimes}$ BX Plus controller.



VBus®/USB & VBus®/LAN interface adapters

The new VBus[®]/USB interface adapter is the interface between the controller and a personal computer. With its standard mini-USB port it enables a fast transmission of system data for processing, visualizing and archiving via the VBus[®]. A full version of the ServiceCenter software is included.

The VBus®/LAN interface adapter is designed for the direct connection of the controller to a PC or router. It enables easy access to the controller via the local network of the owner. Thus, controller access and data charting can be effected from every workstation of the network. The VBus®/LAN interface adapter is suitable for all controllers equipped with a VBus®. A full version of the ServiceCenter software is included.

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Notes

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